The Largest Circulation of any Foreign Daily in the Far East

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

No. 1911 VOL. VII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 丁巳年十月二十六日 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1917 大正四年第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

TO ASK FOREIGN CONSULS FOR AID TO SAVE NINGPO

Fear Rebels Will Seek Revenge by Destroying Entire City

GREATLY INFERIOR

Gen. Yang Only Opposed By 700 Regulars, With Levy Of Bandits

The staff correspondent of THE CHINA PRESS at Hangchow, during a brief visit here, yesterday—he returned in a few hours—stated that there was actually no fighting at Ningpo until yesterday morning. Up till then, the opposing troops had been so close that fighting was a certainty, but it was only early in the morning that they actually came to grips.

The collision occurred near the Tsao-O river, in the vicinity of Ningpo and, though the result has not been heard, it is presumed that General Yang Shan-teh must have been successful, as the loyalist troops are in such a big majority. The rebels have only about seven hundred regular soldiers, but have recruited several hundred tufeis and other disorderly elements. More Northern troops are being hurried to the scene.

Want Local Governors

Our correspondent says that the cry of: "Chekiang men for Chekiang" is the cause of all the trouble. The province was at one time governed by local men only, but, last year, a quarrel arose amongst them, as a result of which the Central Government intervened and put General Yang Shan-teh in control.

Ever since then, the politicians who had lost their jobs have been scheming to regain them. Recently, they conducted a vigorous campaign at Ningpo amongst the soldiers and succeeded in getting a number of them to declare independence—not from the Central Government, but from the local authorities.

General Yang, arguing that, having been appointed by Presidential Mandate, he could only retire on another such order, was at first inclined to take things easily, anticipating that it would all blow over. On Wednesday, however, he found the rebels were really determined to make trouble and so he took steps to subdue them immediately.

Appeal to Consuls

It is understood that the Central Government will send warships to assist the authorities, but that, for the time being, they will do no more than patrol the territorial waters. It has been recommended to make serious representations to the foreign Consuls to intervene, as there are grave fears that the rebels, when beaten, as it seems certain they will be, will demolish Ningpo out of sheer revenge, in which case the loss of foreign property will be tremendous.

Already, the rebellion has had a serious effect on railway traffic, as the rebels have established their headquarters at the railway center of Paikuan, from which place the line officials promptly departed.

Tuchun Li Advises

Tuchun Li Shun of Kiangsu, following the announcement of the organisation of the new Cabinet by General Wang Shih-chen, recommended that former Minister of Interior Sun Hung-yi and Mr. C. T. Wang, Vice-Speaker of the Senate, be given posts in the Cabinet in order to have a non-partisan executive organ.

Tuchun Wang Chuan-yuan of Hupeh requested Peking to appoint former Acting Tuchun Tan Yen-kai as Military Governor of Hunan. He said that Tan is popular with the people of the province and will be able to maintain peace and order there.

In defending the action of his troops in Anhui, Tuchun Ni Shih-chung telegraphed to Peking that the alleged accusation of General Wang Ju-hsien of the riotous behavior of the Anhui troops is not

(Continued on Page 2)

Strongly Re-inforced, Foe Still Unable To Prevent Haig Advancing His Line

Ground Carpeted With Dead Germans After Desperate Assault on Conquered Hindenburg System

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 28.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday evening:—Local attacks at dawn, in the neighborhood of Fontaine-Notre-Dame and Bourlon villages, led to severe fighting. The enemy, who had received strong re-inforcements, contested our advance with great stubbornness and the fight swayed backwards and forwards. We advanced our line and took over 500 prisoners.

In the afternoon, we drove off an attempted attack against our position in the Hindenburg Line on the spur westward of Moeuvres. There was great activity on the part of the enemy's artillery, eastward and north-eastward of Ypres.

Our low-flying machines, on Monday, constantly attacked the enemy's troops, batteries and transport. Over three tons of bombs were dropped on the crossings of the River Sensee, the railheads near Cambrai and northward of Douai and the sidings at Somain and Douai stations.

We brought down two enemy machines and drove down four. None of ours are missing.

Sir Douglas Haig reported this afternoon: There was a hostile artillery bombardment, last night, in the neighborhood of Bourlon Wood, but no further infantry action. There has been a hostile artillery bombardment eastward and south-eastward of Ypres.

Mud Still Worries

Reuter's correspondent, wiring today, reports:—"In the fighting around Cambrai, mud, machine-gun fire and more German re-inforcements are the principal features at the moment.

"Intense fighting has been proceeding since dawn, yesterday, the enemy trying desperately to retrieve at least some of their important positions, certainly without counting the cost. Men who are coming down from the scene of the recent fighting in the northern shoulder of our salient say that the ground is freely bestrewn with German corpses, which have fallen since the original attacks.

"Since their first stampede, the enemy have been hurrying up troops and guns by every route and have succeeded in organising their badly shaken defence. Further north, where the German line is back-flanked by our recent gains, the enemy are slowly adjusting their positions.

"Fontaine-Notre-Dame is so effectively commanded by both sides that nothing living dare show in the ruins. The weather is improving and the visibility growing better."

Big German Rush Fails

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters, telegraphing yesterday afternoon, reported:—"The battle-area is slippery and difficult, owing to the continued heavy rain. Late last night, the Germans made a determined counter-attack against the north-eastern fringe of Bourlon Wood, but, after fierce fighting, were driven off and heavily shelled while retiring.

"We made a successful sortie into the ruins of Bourlon village and reached a party of English troops who had been cut off when the Germans retook the village on Sunday and had since very gallantly held out. While this operation was in progress, taking advantage of the favorable wind, we discharged heavy clouds of gas against Queant, the position of which has been rendered very uncomfortable by our thrust south-east of that place.

"This morning, some of our troops were engaged among the ruins of Fontaine, where there has been hard fighting.

"A written German order has been found which states that, if certain soldiers who are lurking in a certain big dugout do not come out immediately and participate in the fighting, the dugout will be blown in. It was further directed that this order should be read aloud to the whole battalion, presumably for their encouragement."

Fight For Fontaine

Later: "There has been very bitter fighting near Fontaine since this morning. Covered by a heavy bombardment, which was maintained the entire forenoon, the British fought their way right through the village, in the face of very heavy rifle and machine-gun fire, sending back over 500 prisoners captured in fortified

(Continued on Page 11)

Berlin Police Stop Rally of Socialists

Hundreds Demonstrate; Prevented From Entering City; Nine Arrested

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 27.—Hundreds of Independent Socialists demonstrated in Berlin, on Sunday and endeavored to reach the center of the city. The police arrested nine of them.

YEN 1,500,000 IS LOSS AS KOKUGIKAN BURNS

Great Wrestling Headquarters In Tokio Destroyed In Early Morning Fire

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, November 29.—The Kokugikan was destroyed by fire, early this morning. The steel frame of the amphitheater was 200 feet in diameter and the place was the center of attraction in the city for wrestling matches. The damage is estimated at Yen 1,500,000.

GREAT BRITAIN PUTS EMBARGO UPON COAL

Will Not Allow Exportation After December 7, Except Under Licence

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 28.—An Order-in-Council prohibits the export of coal from December 7 to all British destinations abroad, except under licence.

Mikado Sends Thanks To President Wilson

Appreciation Of Ishii's Mission, He Says, Is Good Augury For Future

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Tokio, November 28.—Baron Ishii was received in audience, this morning, to report the result of his mission to America, after which the Emperor sent a message of thanks to President Wilson, in which he said: "Having heard, from Baron Ishii's personal report, of the enthusiasm of the reception accorded to my special mission to the United States, I lose no time in again expressing to you and, through you, to the American people, my thanks and deep appreciation of the warm display of sincere international friendship, which is all of good augury for the future and which will ever be held in grateful remembrance in Japan."

Demand In Budapest For General Strike

'Down With The War' Is Call; Urge Monarchy To Oppose Pan-Germanism

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 28.—The Vossische Zeitung reports that a monster Socialist peace demonstration took place in Budapest, on Sunday. There were loud cries of: "Down with the war!" and: "We demand a general strike!" and a resolution was passed urging the monarchy to oppose Pan-Germanism and the annexation of Courland and Livonia and also favoring an International Labor Conference at Stockholm.

VENETIAN BATTLE RIVALS FOR FURY VERDUN'S DEFENCE

Determined Efforts to Effect Breach Meet Stonewall Resistance

SAVE VAL SUGANA

Famous Edelweiss Division, Rushed to Assault, Is Severely Beaten

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, November 28.—An official communique reports: "In co-operation with bombardment flights, our batteries concentrated their fire on the enemy's troops massed and moving on Asiago Plateau, in the Primolano Basin, northward of Col della Berretta and in the Middle Piave."

The Austro-German forces continue their gigantic and determined efforts to break through to the Venetian Plains, constantly employing their best fresh troops and also heavier artillery and lachrymal and asphyxiating gasses. Each attack is fiercer than its predecessor.

The Italians continue to cover themselves with glory by their heroic defence. The method of attack and the tenacity of the defence recalls Verdun.

A semi-official communique reports:—"The renowned Austrian 3rd (Edelweiss) Division, composed of troops of German extraction and other enemy forces, were severely beaten at Col Boretta. They made a massed attack, after a heavy drumfire of crushingly superior fire and their numbers enabled the assailants to penetrate our advanced line and reach a mountain battery, but a fierce counter-attack, in the face of a violent barrage, resulted in the rout of the enemy.

"Thus, the attempted advance of the enemy along Val Sugana has been frustrated."

Haig's Drives Proof German Dash on Italy Failure, Says Baker

Hoped To Render Offensive In West Impossible; Relentless Sapping Of Man-Power

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, Nov. 27.—Secretary of War Baker's review says that it is evident that the enemy undertook their offensive in Italy in the hope of extricating themselves from their increasingly difficult position in the west, by compelling the transfer of British and French troops to Italy, thereby rendering an offensive in the west impossible. But this object was in no way achieved.

The wastage of the enemy's forces and the slow and relentless sapping of their man-power by continued sudden offensive thrusts must eventually result in softening the enemy's line in the west. This is the ultimate object of the series of intensive offensives so successfully pursued by the Allies during the past six months and even more important than the gain in terrain.

21 British Vessels Destroyed Last Week

14 Were Over 1,600 Tons And Seven Under; Eight Unsuccessfully Attacked

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 28.—The Admiralty announces that the number of merchantmen arriving at ports of the United Kingdom last week totalled 2,058 and the number sailing 2,122. There were sunk during the same period, over 1,600 tons, 14; under 1,600 tons, 7. Unsuccessfully attacked, 8.

The Weather

Fine weather. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 59.9 and the minimum 33.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 51.1 and 35.4.

Danish-Australian Wins V. C.

Pte. J. C. Jensen, V. C., being questioned by King George concerning his experiences. He is a naturalised Dane of South Australia, aged 23 and an ex-sailor.

Private Jorgan Christian Jensen.—For most conspicuous bravery and initiative when, with five comrades, he attacked a barricade behind which were about forty-five of the enemy and a machine-gun. One of his party shot the gunner, and Private Jensen, single-handed, rushed the post and threw in a bomb. He had still a bomb in one hand, but, taking another from his pocket with the other hand, he drew the pin with his teeth, and by threatening the enemy with two bombs and by telling them they were surrounded he induced them to surrender. Private Jensen then sent one of his prisoners to order a neighboring enemy party to surrender, which they did. This latter party were then fired on in ignorance of their surrender by another party of our troops, whereupon Private Jensen, utterly regardless of personal danger, stood on the barricade, waved his helmet, caused firing to cease, and sent his prisoners back to our lines. Private Jensen's conduct throughout was marked by extraordinary bravery and determination.

Union Church Is Crowded For Thanksgiving Service

Music, Prayers and Address by Dr. Woodbridge Constitute Shanghai's Chief Celebration

With music, prayers and an address, the simple service of thanksgiving of the American community was held yesterday afternoon in the Union Church. To it came all of the American community that could find place and many of other nationalities. And official color was lent by the presence of all the Allied Consuls and their staffs and many Chinese officials.

The hall had been decorated appropriately for an occasion that was both patriotic and in celebration of the blessings of the harvest. And along both sides sat the men of the American Company, S. V. C., and officers and sailors from the American gunboats in the harbor.

After an organ prelude by Mr. J. Waddell and a solo by Mr. Orin De Motte Walker, Dr. F. L. Hawks Pott offered a prayer.

Mr. Sammons Presides

Mr. Thomas Sammons, American Consul-General, who presided, then said:

"The President of the United States of America has urged unity of action in this supreme hour of world battle for greater, broader rights of humanity—whether represented in large or in small national units. Accordingly, here at Shanghai, on this our National Day of Thanksgiving and Prayer, it has been a great pleasure to me, as the representative officer of my country, cordially to invite my honorable colleagues, the representatives of the Allied Powers, to join us in this memorable Thanksgiving Service—the first to be observed since our entry into this world war. Therefore, on behalf of the American community, it is a further pleasure now to thank them, together with the ladies who have accompanied them, as well as all visitors and friends, for their presence.

"As this world war tends to bring the Allied Powers closer to us in our Memorial or Decoration Day observances—in honoring the memory of those who have fallen in battle— so also may this Day of Thanksgiving and Prayer hereafter tighten the bond of unity now being welded under the white heat of united action in a supreme patriotic effort.

"In less strenuous days, when numerous engagements are not so insistent, individual mention may be made of those rendering assistance on occasions of this kind, but for the present suffice to say that the American community is grateful for the generous aid of all who have assisted—to the American Women's Club for arranging this display of a fruitful Autumn season, the floral decorations and for preparing the musical program; to the American Company, S. V. C., and the American Navy for the other decorative features; to the Municipal authorities concerned for the floral contribution; to the Union Church for the always gracious and ready tendering of this edifice; and last, but not least, for the continued courtesies of the newspapers of Shanghai."

After the singing of a hymn and a vocal solo by Mrs. R. M. Bradley, Major Holcomb read President Wilson's impressive Thanksgiving Day proclamation. This was followed by a solo by Mr. R. A. Curry and Dr. S. I. Woodbridge then made the address of the day. He spoke as follows:

Dr. Woodbridge's Address

"Once more the Thanksgiving season has come round and our President has set apart this day as one of national commemoration of the goodness of God to our country and to our people—to our country as a national entity and to the millions of individual families and persons who dwell within the broad confines of the United States of America.

"But we are glad that the proclamation appeals also to all loyal Americans who have made their homes in the Far East; for although we have given up our country for a time we still carry with us that same ardent spirit of patriotism which is the proud boast of Americans everywhere. In point of fact, Americans in this part of the world are the first to raise the note of thanksgiving that will be taken up by other

(Continued on Page 4)

MAXIMALISTS CALL ON ALLIES TO FREE RUSSIANS INTERNED

Hint at Reprisals Should Britain Refuse to Release Two Men

FAVOR BOLSHEVIKS

Half Petrograd Votes And Overwhelmingly Supports Rebel Party

TURN BALUEFF OUT

West Front Commander Refuses to Negotiate For An Armistice

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 28.—Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd wires that Trotsky, the Maximalist Minister of Foreign Affairs, has written to the British Ambassador, Sir George Buchanan, demanding the release of two Russians arrested in Great Britain and apparently interned. He hints at similar reprisals.

An official statement issued in Berlin denies that Quartermaster-General von Ludendorff has gone to the Russian front.

Reuter's correspondent states that about half the voters in Petrograd polled in the elections for the Constituent Assembly, which closed today. He says that, undoubtedly, an overwhelming majority of the Petrograd garrison sides with the Bolsheviks.

The Bolsheviks have seized the Customs.

The Bolsheviks announce that they control Tashkent, after four days' fighting.

Baluef Superseded

General Baluef, Commanding-in-Chief on the western front, has been superseded, for refusing to negotiate an armistice.

Trotsky has dismissed without pensions two assistant Foreign Ministers and 30 officials, for refusing to submit to the authority of the Bolsheviks.

A wireless Russian official message says: "Haritonoff, the Secretary of the Bolsheviks, has sent a proclamation to the Commander-in-Chief, Ensign Krylenko, as follows: 'The Bolshevik faction of the All-Russian Extraordinary Congress of Peasants' Delegates, numbering 64 and five delegates of other factions express congratulations on your resolute step towards the realisation of the wishes of the whole of Russian workers for the conclusion of a general, just and democratic peace. We also express congratulations to all the army corps and other committees helping you in this great and difficult task.'"

Maklakoff Scorns Rebels

Peking, November 26.—The following report of an interview that was granted on November 22 to a representative of the Temps by M. Maklakoff, an ex-member of the Duma, who was appointed Russian Ambassador in Paris, has been handed to Reuter's Agency by the Russian Legation:—

"The council of people's commissioners which has signed the order to begin negotiations concerning an armistice can in no way be considered as the government of Russia. It lacks both legal title and the recognition of the country. It can commit acts of violence, of treason even and of cowardice, of which it gives us proof, but it cannot govern, having neither the necessary qualifications, recognition, or authority.

"Consequently, the order of the Maximalist commissioners is more of an appeal to the weary and ignorant among the soldiers, with the object of provoking a movement against their chiefs and increasing the anarchy in the army than an act aiming at the conclusion of an armistice. The proof of this lies in the fact of Lenin having used the wireless to spread an order of this kind.

An Unpatriotic Act

"This is no act of government, but an unpatriotic act committed by traitors who are attempting to avail themselves of the advantage of their

transitory successes. This order is no more than an episode in the contest between the Maximalists, temporarily victorious in both Russian capitals and the living forces of the country, which realises the dangers that menace it and which seeks and has perhaps found a center for union.

"A dissolving factor is that the Maximalist movement brings with it moral decay and material disorganisation, thus fatally preparing its own end and determining the concentration of the better elements of the country.

"A growing disunion in the north and a concentration of forces in the south—such is the outline of the development of a crisis which will result in the rebirth of Russia—a rebirth which we all hope will be speedy."

To Ask Consuls To Save Ningpo

(Continued from Page 1)

true and that they were very orderly during their sojourn in Hunan.

How Northerners' Army Was Routed At Changsha

Special Correspondence to The China Press:

Changsha, November 21.—After the flight of Tuchun Fu Liang-tso early on the 15th, Generals Wang Jui-tien and Fan Kuo-chang of the eighth and twentieth divisions respectively, took command of the military situation and on the afternoon of the 16th assured the foreign consuls that they were able to control the political situation here and that they would stay in command until relieved by Peking.

Meantime news of defeats for the northerners kept coming in from Siangtan and other places to the south of Changsha. On Saturday night, the 17th, the city was heavily guarded by northerners. On Sunday morning, the 18th every guard was gone. Between 2 and 7 a.m., the two commanding generals fled, taking train to Yochow and being followed by thousands of northern troops, many with arms, many dropping their rifles and other possessions in their mad haste.

All day Sunday the city was guarded efficiently by the armed police and by the cadets from the military academy. Commandant Peng Ting-heng of the academy took military control and the civil control remained in the hands of the three chairmen of the Provincial Assembly (Peng Chao-huang), the Chamber of Commerce (Tso Ling-tsang) and the Provincial Educational Association (Chen Su-huang). Sunday night things were quiet, but with the quietness of uncertainty. There were still nearly two thousand An Wu troops on the outskirts of the city, fully armed and possessing large quantities of cartridges. They did not occupy the regular military barracks because one large section of these had been burned down by the retreating northerners as they fled on Sunday morning.

Surrender of Northern Troops

Early Monday morning, the 19th, it was reported that skirmishing had occurred south of Changsha. By ten o'clock the first of the victorious Hunan troops got to the Tuchun's yamen and soon surrendered rifles began to pour into that place, by the hundred. By afternoon the city was filled with the elated returning Hunan troops of the first division who had routed the northern troops and compelled them to lay down their arms. By arrangement with the city fathers, money was found so that each retreating northern soldier received four dollars in cash when he laid down his rifle.

The Hunan troops took care to relieve them of much other booty and came into the city loaded with revolvers, bayonets, uniforms, bedding, etc, captured from the northern soldiers. Meanwhile, thousands of these stripped northern troops wandered to the northern end of the city, almost dropping by the wayside from hunger and weariness, many of them having had no food for several days. Benevolent organisations, with the approval of the temporary government got them into temples, provided straw and food for them and tried to have them guarded from the harassing attacks of groups of ruffians or jubilant Hunan soldiers. On Monday night, in several instances, the police were set to guard these buildings filled with helpless northern troops and foreigners took turns with the police in standing at the gateways of the temples and other refuges, so that harm might not come to the inmates.

Paying Off Grudges

The city welcomed the returning Hunan troops very boisterously with firecrackers, but before night found the returning heroes capable of doing some damage themselves. They first drove out of all positions of guard duty the cadets of the military academy who had been giving such efficient aid for nearly two days, looted the academy buildings and the home of the commandant, assuring this academy personnel that they who had seen real military service in the field did not propose to put themselves under cadets who were their juniors.

The Hunan troops then turned their attention to the city police and before Tuesday morning, the 20th, had succeeded in driving out of existence the entire police organisation of the city. This was said to be retaliation for the help the police had given to the northern troops a month ago in securing city laborers as coolies to go south with the northern troops in their campaign against the Hunanese. Hence it happens that today, the 21st, finds Changsha without any outward vestige of police organisation, many of the stations having been fired on and looted and all the men having scattered. Other objects of retaliatory treatment were members of the second Hunan division who were accused of disloyalty to the southern cause a month ago. The observer cannot take sides but cannot help noticing how much of the so-called campaign consists in revenge for old offences.

General Chao Returns

About 11 o'clock on Monday night, the 19th, General Chao Heng-ti, commanding the first division, reached Changsha, from the south and on Tuesday, the 20th, things began to quiet down. He sent detachments of his troops here and there to keep order and to keep guard over the northern prisoners for whom transportation facilities down river had not yet been found. He welcomed the offered aid of foreigners in providing food and protection for these prisoners and in every way gave evidence of a sincere attempt to control the situation. He was very tired but went about his work with the spirit of a man determined to bring order out of the anarchy of the previous two days.

Kwangsi Troops Arrive

On Tuesday afternoon, the 20th, about four o'clock, the first of the Kwangsi troops arrived with flying colors, and much demonstration with horns and firecrackers. It is reported that two regiments are here. They have been quartered in the buildings vacated the previous day by the military academy students. Their commanding general, it is reported, is not yet here.

An Wu Troops Retire

Nearly two thousand An Wu troops, some pig-tailed and many not, sat on the platform of the railway station outside of the city all day Monday waiting for a train to take them to Yochow. None came, and so that night, because of the approach of the Hunan troops returning from the south, they concluded to retire anyhow. They had been given plenty of rice and flour by the city fathers in the effort to keep them from doing harm to the city. It will be borne in mind that this body of soldiers had not been compelled, like soldiers retreating from Siangtan, to lay down their rifles. So off they went on Monday night, on foot, down the line towards Hankow with arms and ammunition and the food provided for them by the Changsha governing bodies.

The Outlook

It is impossible to say just where we are or who is really supreme. If General Chao can keep control of the situation till an efficient Tuchun comes and a good civil governor, all may be quiet. We are without police and the natural docility of the citizens is about the main thing that keeps things steady.

'All That Was Left of Them'

Like the far-famed "Light Brigade," the Foreign Legion has gone "into the jaws of death, into the mouth of hell," and today there are but two of the original members left alive. By strange coincidence the two remaining members are Americans.

They are shown here standing next to the nurse and are Edward J. Bouligny and Jack Casey.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Dec. 1
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Dec. 4
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Dec. 5
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakuai M. Dec. 7
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Dec. 10
For U.S., Canada and Europe:—
Via Vancouver ..... Nov. 30
Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador.... Dec. 7

China Realty Co., Ltd.

39 Nanking Road.

LAND FOR SALE

For residences—mills and factories—water frontage sizes to suit purchasers.

HOUSE TO LET

No. 59 Yu Yuen Road, newly constructed, detached residence. Hot and cold water; all modern conveniences. Tennis lawn, Garage. Tls. 115 per month.

HOUSES FOR SALE

We have for sale houses in all parts of both English and French Settlements—modern houses with all improvements, all sizes.

We will be glad to show any of our properties to prospective buyers at any time.

We can arrange satisfactory terms—part cash, balance at convenience of buyers.

For full Particulars.

China Realty Co., Ltd.

39 Nanking Road.

CARPETS RUGS

A SPECIAL SALE

Choice collection of genuine Mongolian specimens from Saratzi and Kalgan

VARIOUS ATTRACTIVE PATTERNS
ALL SIZES

Call Upon Our Manufacturing Department
7 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road.
Telephone 778

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

WEST 1211

"THE MOTOR HOUSE" FOR MOTOR TROUBLES

H. S. HONIGSBERG & CO. INC.

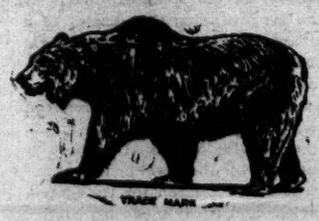
The American - Oriental Banking Corporation

15 Nanking Road
$1 opens a Savings Account.
$50 opens a Checking Account.

PUT something into the BANK every week, even if the amount is small. You will find that such regular savings accumulate rapidly and the money thus saved will come in very handy some time when you need it worse than you do now.

CALOL

Look for the label: "It's a bear"



Ask for "Bear Brand." Accept no substitute.

Calol, a pure white mineral oil, is the rational, medically-accepted treatment for CONSTIPATION

Calol is tasteless, odorless and colorless, and is harmless in any quantity.

Calol lubricates the entire intestinal tract, and thus encourages natural bowel activity.

Calol is entirely free from the dangers which attend the use of drugs and laxatives.

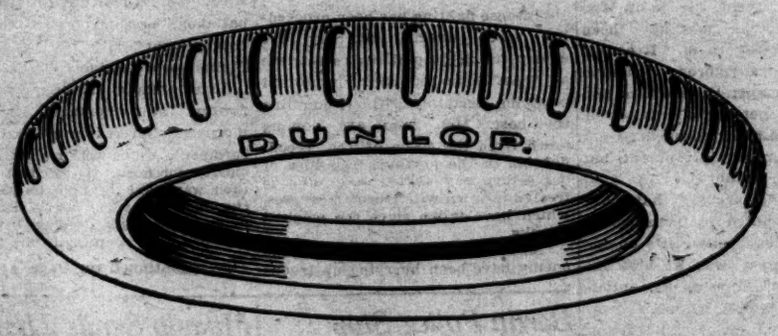
Calol taken a short time brings about regular movements, supplanting languor and physical apathy with brimming natural health.

RECOMMENDED BY DOCTORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

Sold by all Druggists and Pharmacies

Prices: $1.25 per pint—75 cts. per ½ pint—25 cts. 2 oz.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK



Every Motorist Should Be A Tyre Expert

When cost per mile is the test every owner should be a tyre expert—able to distinguish the good from the bad. Dunlop Tyres are good right through. There's the fine quality of the rubber, the great strength of the casing, and the scientific construction—embodying 20 years' careful research and experiment—which enable each individual part of the tyre to give its maximum service.

DUNLOP

RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED

Founders throughout the World of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry

Phone 2248 20 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai Cables: "Pneumatic."

SAYS FLEETS CAN'T TAKE U-BOAT BASES

Naval Authority Also Explains Why Heligoland Is Immune From Attack

LAND GUNS NOT VISIBLE

And Outrange Navies' Cannon By Six Miles—Mine And Net Barrages

By Charles H. Grasty

London, September 17.—In France, where one comes into contact with the army chiefly, an impression lodges in the mind that this war might be brought to an end if only the allied navies would "go to it." In London the atmosphere is distinctly naval. I did not get a chance to advance the characteristic landlubber viewpoint more than about a minute before the argument was taken up in vigorous sailorman fashion. Why don't the English and American ships go in and clean them up? If success or failure right now hinges on the U-boat, why not send naval forces to batter to bits the bases on the Channel coast? Expensive, yes, but what are ships for but to be risked and lost?

The counterattack was so sudden and sharp that I am afraid I put rather more of the onus upon the absent army critic than was altogether fair, whereat a navy man who doesn't think meanly of his own literary accomplishments, understook to prepare for my signature a letter stating the case in such simple terms as to leave no room for misunderstanding, and here is what he wrote:

"Since my return from Switzerland a few weeks ago I have been looking into the submarine situation again. You may have seen in The Times some of my articles concerning the present shipping situation, which is, as you doubtless know, still so serious that no effort should be spared to diminish the loss and increase the amount of tonnage.

"I intend to pound away at this until its significance is more generally understood in America, where the political speeches of Mr. Lloyd George tend to create a dangerous optimism.

Mob Strategy and Public Opinion

"In the meantime there is another feature of this business which exercises no inconsiderable influence upon public opinion, and that is the influence of the inevitable mob strategy that manifests itself in all cases of prolonged and serious war operations.

"Few persons refrain from expressing opinions as to how the enemy could be routed. All respectable newspaper editors must supply their readers with such opinions and with criticism of the responsible military leaders.

"Many suggestions as to how to end the war are published, and thousands are submitted to the authorities. These are variations of schemes implied by various catchphrases. Of these Winston Churchill's 'Digging the rats out of their holes' is the chief. Another very seductive one is. 'Why not stop up the hole in the nest instead of chasing the wasps after they are out?'

"The influence of these and similar phrases is such that even educated men do not hesitate to criticise the strategy and even the common sense and courage of the Allies, and as this tends to diminish efforts already under way, I made up my mind to obtain some facts and authoritative opinions on the subject. These have proved so very illuminating and are so readily comprehended, even by the civilian mind, that I am sure that they will interest you:

"1. In order to dig the rats out, or stop up the hole in the wasp's nest, the German bases of their fleet and submarines must be taken by attack from the sea.

"2. This can be done only by reducing by bombardment the fortification protecting the bases.

"3. The guns of modern land defenses are not visible from the sea. Many of them are powerful mortars at the bottom of pits. Ships, of course, are clearly visible from shore batteries and their captive balloons and air-planes.

"4. The effective range of these guns is over twenty-three miles. This has been shown by actual shooting at ships in this war.

"5. No men-of-war's guns have a range of more than seventeen miles, and the enemy target is invisible.

"6. It is therefore apparent that a naval attack from the sea would be even more suicidal now than in Nelson's day.

"7. It might be compared to a blind pugilist with arms two feet long, trying to fight one with good eyesight and with arms three feet long.

"8. Coast positions, large areas, (like Bruges, Zeebrugge,) are bombarded from time to time, but this can be done only at very infrequent intervals when the wind is in the right direction for screens to be laid to mask the bombarding vessels.

"9. Few civilians know the above facts. Many irresponsible officers are equally ignorant, as the essential facts have been developed during this war, but I have yet to meet a single responsible officer who believes that it is possible to reduce land defenses by a sea attack. All competent naval historians express the same opinion.

Heligoland an Obstacle

"10. But even assuming that this were possible, a glance at the map will show that the German fleet and submarine bases could not be approached by shipping unless the powerful defenses of Heligoland were destroyed and the island captured and held.

"11. But even assuming that this island were turned over to the Allies with all its defenses intact it could not be held as a base by them because, being but a few miles from the German bases, it could be attacked every night and all night by numerous airplanes carrying bombs of over 200 pounds. Heligoland is one mile long by one-half mile wide.

"12. There is practically no defense against such night raids. In the recent midnight raid on London only two of the numerous anti-aircraft guns ever saw the planes.

"13. Moreover, the island could be successfully bombed by daylight, because the Allies could not bring to bear enough fighting planes to resist the overwhelmingly greater number that could be sent from the nearby German bases to protest the bombing planes.

"14. There has been a recent naval conference in London in which all the principal allied countries were represented. Their conclusions have not been published, but there can be no doubt that no member present believed that the rats could be dig out of their holes.

"15. Many schemes have been proposed for building a mine or net barrage, or both, to prevent the German submarines coming out or going in to their bases. Many attempts have been made, but up to the present time it has not been found possible to prevent submarines passing through the narrow strip of water between Calais and Dover, yet it has seriously been proposed by all sorts and conditions of people to build a barrage from Scotland to Norway, over a distance of about 230 miles, in very deep water and across a strong tide.

"It is, of course, unnecessary to state that the assumptions of sufficient knowledge to decide how the naval war should be conducted on this side presupposes a condition of mind that I cannot well understand. The allied nations have been fighting three years for their very existence. When the civilian sees that his particular idea of the strategy of the situation has not been carried out, ought he not naturally to assume that there must be impelling reasons why this is so?

"But the civilian critic makes the opposite assumption. He is absolutely convinced that his ideas are right. They could only be right on the assumption that the combined military experience of all the Allies was not sufficient to comprehend what seem so apparent to him, or else seeing the situation as he does, they lack the energy and courage to carry it out. No other conclusion would appear possible to a man who knows anything about history."

In view of the divergence of opinion between the two services, to say nothing of the irrepressible conflict of theory within the navy, the foregoing statement of the ideas upon which present policy is grounded should be interesting.

Chinese Journalists Welcomed to Japan

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Kobe, November 28.—The party of Chinese journalists visiting Japan were greeted at the station here by a large crowd of citizens and residents. They lunched with the President of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce and the Consul.

In the afternoon, the party were invited to a garden party given under the joint auspices of the Municipality, the Japanese Chamber of Commerce, the shipping companies, the trading guilds and the newspapers. In the evening, the visitors were banqueted by the Sino-Japanese Business Association.

The party have been agreeably surprised by the cordiality and kindness they have met with since their arrival at Nagasaki.

Findings Are Given In Alma Charter Case

Plaintiffs In $68,000 Suit Didn't Produce Convincing Proof, Says Judge

Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, Chief Judge, gave his findings on the principal point raised in the $68,319 suit brought by Messrs. Shun Lee and Co. against Messrs. P. Heath and Co. in connection with the chartering of the s.s. Alma.

The issues considered chiefly were the condition of the ship's machinery and the efficiency of its engineers. The Court said that the onus of the proof rested with the plaintiffs, who had rested their case on expert testimony in the matter of the machinery. The defendants, he held, had met them on their own ground and furnished evidence more reliable and convincing.

Mr. G. H. Wright, for the defendants, asked for judgment for the defendants with costs, but the Court stated that only one issue had been dealt with and damages did not come within that issue, and that the case would be adjourned until there was a decision in the case pending in the Mixed Court.

HEADS CANAL OFFICE

Washington, November 12.—(delayed).—Major Benedict Crowell has been named to take charge of the local office of the Panama Canal administration.

Stall Holders Named For Union Church Sale

Many Articles To Be Disposed Of In Aid Of Disabled Fighting Men

The list of stallholders has been completed and arranged for the sale of work to be held December 8 by the Union Church Ladies' Society. The sale is for the benefit of the Princess Louise Hospital for Limbless Soldiers and Sailors. The list is as follows:

Baby Stall—All things suitable for Baby—dresses, bibs, shoes, pillow cases and cot covers. Mrs. Hucher, Mrs. W. Gardner, and assistants.

Wool Stall.—Cosy shawls, vests and jackets, etc. Mrs. Miller and Mrs. Smith.

Flower Stall.—A fine variety of potted plants. Misses McColl.

Needlework Stall.—Beautiful cushions, cosies and centers. Mrs. Jones, icn, cosies and centers. Mrs. Jones,

Egg Stall.—Fresh eggs in nests and baskets. Mrs. Anderton, and Miss Chatham.

Store-room Stall—Home made jams, jellies, plum-puddings, pickles and Xmas cakes. Mrs. Darroch, Mrs. Kilner and Mrs. Robertson.

Novelty Stall—Pictures, stencilled articles and dainty trifles for Xmas presents.

Sweet Stall—Sweets of all kinds in fancy boxes and baskets. American and British favorite candies. Mrs. Lunt, Mrs. Macbeth and Mrs. Evers.

Orange Stall.—Mrs. M. B. Anderson and Mrs. Tweedlie.

Remnant Stall.—Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Webster.

Vegetable Stall—Mrs. E. Morgan and assistants.

Parcel Stall.—Mrs. Joseph.

Xmas Tree.—Toys of all kinds, suites of furniture, kewpies, dollies, carriages and beds, and fascinating bride doll. Mrs. Meatheral, Mrs. Sandbach and Mrs. Miller.

Tea—Mrs. Aiers, Mrs. Johns, Mrs. Tod and Miss Dallas and assistants.

Upper tea-room—Mrs. Armistead, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Scott and Mrs. Hynd.

Aunt Sally—Mr. Leach.

Fortune Wheel—Mr. A. Youngson.

Fish Pond—Mrs. A. Youngson. "Some very fine catches."

Selim—Palmist and Diviner of Egyptian Tarot and Mystic Crystal.

FINAL OHIO RESULTS

Cincinnati, November 11.—The wets have won in Ohio by a majority of 3,643. Anti suffrage carried the stated defeating votes-for-women by 136,000.

"COMMANDER"

Sold in tins of 50 Cigarettes

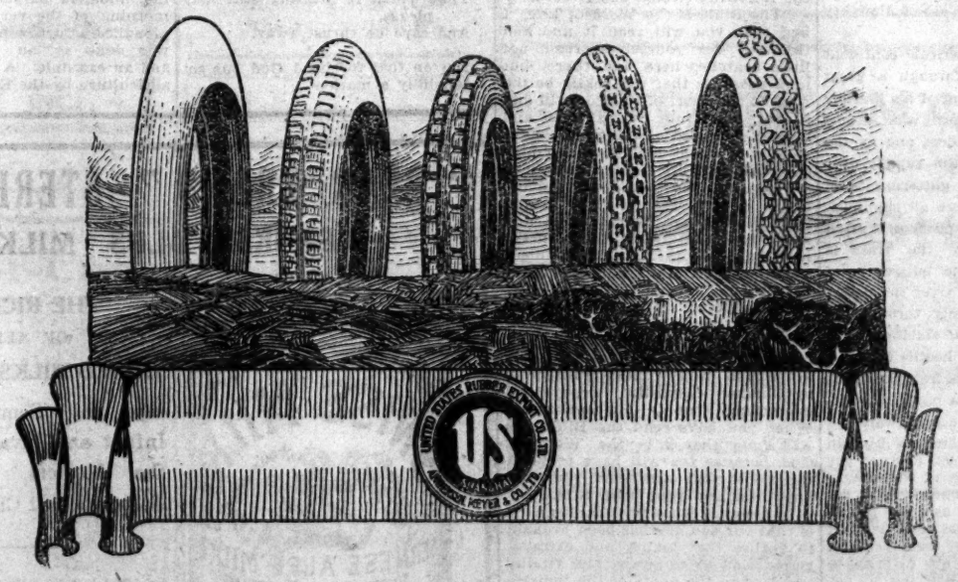
Also in boxes of 20 Cigarettes

He is a large commanding fellow standing head and shoulders above the rest.

His size has given him individuality and entree to the homes of the smokers, but it is his marked qualities that have made him a favorite.

Westminster Tobacco Co., Ltd.

FIVE
United States Tires



"PLAIN" "USCO" "ROYAL CORD" "CHAIN" "NOBBY"

Five tires—five different types of *United States Tires*,
—one for every need of price and use,
—the only complete line of tires offered by any one tire company.

And they bring supreme tire satisfaction,
—as proved by the tremendous and continuous sales increases of *United States Tires*.

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.
4-5 Yuen Ming Yuen Road Telephone No. 778

"United States Tires Are Good Tires"

Raven Trust Co., Ltd
15 Nanking Road.
Resources .....Tls. 500,000

INSURANCE

Fire | Motor Car | Lowest rates
Life | Burglary | Phone 65
Marine | Fidelity

INVESTMENTS

GOLD INVESTMENTS Phone 60
We have for sale in amounts of G.$10 or more Preference Shares paying interest at 7% per annum.

TAEL INVESTMENTS Phone 60
We have for sale in amounts of Tls. 100.00 or more Debentures paying interest at 7%.

ALSO

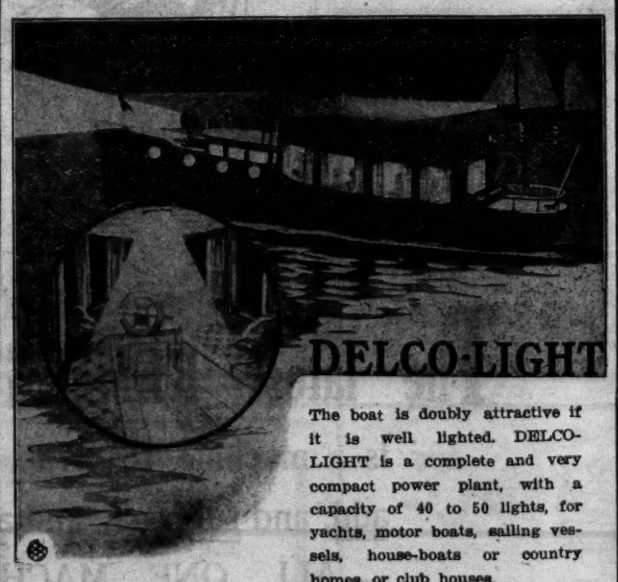
Anglo-Java	Dominion
Ayer Tawa	Kota Bahroe
Chemor	H. and S. Bank
Consolidated	Shanghai Land
China Realty	Telephone
Culty Dairy	French Debentures

In large or small amounts

OFFICES TO LET Phone 60
15 Nanking Rd. two large rooms.

HOUSE FOR SALE Phone 60
ON ROUTE VALLON, containing drawing room, dining room, three bedrooms, two bathrooms, garden and tennis court. Tls. 16,000.

LAND FOR SALE Phone 60
ON ROUTE SAY ZOONG, 2½ mow suitable for foreign residence.
ON RUE LAFAYETTE, 10 mow suitable for foreign residences.



DELCO-LIGHT

The boat is doubly attractive if it is well lighted. DELCO-LIGHT is a complete and very compact power plant, with a capacity of 40 to 50 lights, for yachts, motor boats, sailing vessels, house-boats or country homes, or club houses.

It is simple, economical and highly efficient. Direct connected engine and generator. Occupies small space—uses either kerosene or gasoline. No carburetor, magnetos or pumps for oil and water. Air cooled. Sold under absolute guarantee.

Price complete with batteries G. $450.00 f. o. b. Shanghai.

House-boat "Marjorie," equipped with DELCO-LIGHT, has finest Light on river. In addition to providing an abundance of light, DELCO-LIGHT will furnish power for the operation of fans and other small machinery.

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HARBIN.

Union Church Is Crowded for Service

(Continued from Page 1)

Americans in India, in France and England; and when the echoes have died away on this the Eastern Hemisphere of the world, a re-echo will be heard on the Western; and Washington, Richmond, New York and Boston, then westward, San Francisco, out to sea to Honolulu, the thanksgiving spirit will circle the globe and the sacrifice of universal praise will ascend to the Most High God.

"Thanksgiving Day is for the most part an American institution. As far back as 1621 Governor Bradford made provision for a general meeting of the New England colonists for praise and prayer just after the ingathering of the first harvest. The custom was kept up in a somewhat desultory way, when President Lincoln made a proclamation for a national observance in 1863. This has been observed annually ever since, and custom has fixed the last Thursday in November as the time. I need only to remind an educated audience like this, that our thanksgiving was inaugurated by our forefathers under the severest trial and vicissitude; and it would be needless to rehearse the sorrows and sufferings which those noble men and women endured during the early years when the foundations of our Republic were laid. True it has been the fashion in these late years during the 'piping times of peace' to belittle or even ridicule their mistakes and rugged eccentricities; but distress and privations of the bitterest kind had lashed out of their lives all useless excrescences—religious, political, and social. But chill penury could not repress their noble rage nor freeze the genial current of their souls. And it was this spirit that descended on Abraham Lincoln. Under the shadow of threatened ruin and defeat, he called upon our nation to look up unto God who had always been our help in ages past and is our hope for years to come.

"'Our shelter from the stormy blast,
And our eternal home.'

And for more than fifty years our people have enjoyed the blessings of peace! Mingled with gratitude to God with thankful acknowledgment of all His mercies, the Presidential Thanksgiving Proclamations during these years have been characterised by good cheer and complacency.

"But this Proclamation of Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States in 1917, breathes the Pilgrim Father spirit. Under the cover of its literary finish and elegant diction redolent of hope one can easily detect the stress of strong emotion begotten by surrounding perils overt and covert, and by difficulties which our President knows we can not possibly face and surmount without the aid of Almighty God.

"Crossing the American continent the traveler passes through a great desert, and at one point of his journey he sees in the distance what seems to be a low, dark object and as the swift engine speeds him rapidly over the parallel bars of glittering steel through the atmosphere all shimmering with heat waves and dust, it often seems that suddenly the train is brought up under the buttresses of some lofty mountain. Over the desert of doubt and uncertainty, through the noxious air of political ambition, self-aggrandisement and hostile intrigue, our beloved country is brought all at once it seems under a bigger mountain—the terrible menace of war.

"It is related of Abraham Lincoln that during the darkest hour of our Civil War a delegation of well-meaning men waited on him with a request that he would ask the people to pray that God would come over on their side. 'Go home,' said Lincoln, 'and tell your people not to pray to get God over on our side, but to get over on God's side.'

"Mr. Chairman, and fellow citizens, the first note of gratitude that wells up from our thankful hearts today, is that the President of the United States and his cabinet in this terrible stress and struggle, the like of which the world has never witnessed—that these men who control the destinies of our country and perhaps the destinies of the world, are seeking the aid of God. And the motto that is stamped in *bas relief* on the legal tender of our Republic is but the visible sign of an invisible fact that: "In God we trust" is graven broad and plain on the heart of Woodrow Wilson. A loving faith in God by a beloved child of God is shaping the course of present American diplomacy. Well does our President know that all the nations that forget God shall be turned into hell. Well do our Christian statesmen realise that.

"God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble. Therefore will not we fear though the earth be removed and the mountains be carried into the midst of the sea. And when was there a time when such a faith was more needed than just now? Out of the murk of the present we peer into a future pregnant with far-reaching possibilities. Your eyes and mine will never look upon the world again as it was in the early Summer of 1914. We can not bring back the dead. In three short years such awful events have happened that we were wrongly led to believe that the world had struck the diapason of cruelty and horror: we thought that the earth was glutted with blood, that we were surfeited with vituperation and abuse. A few years ago the disaster which befell the steamship Titanic, when over fifteen hundred people were drowned, horrified us. Later when ten thousand men were killed in battle, we stood aghast at the terrible catastrophe. But now, our ideas of values and numbers seem to have run wild with a limitless prodigality. We think in millions of men and billions of dollars; and yet those dollars were earned by weariness and toil, and every one of those soldiers was born through pain and suffering! Every boy in our army was once a little child whose mother gathered his little pink feet in her hand as she held him to her breast and wondered where those feet would tread, little dreaming that they might one day tramp over the bloodstained battlefields in a foreign land. And we vainly thought that the world was overburdened with sorrow. Let us never forget that this driving storm of anguish and despair falls harder on the women and children. The men in the army are sustained by constant excitement and danger, or diverted by the pomp and circumstance of war, but women and children suffer alone in cold, heartless grief. We thought we had sounded the depths of sorrow, when we may have just begun to feel its painful touch. The Proclamation does not disassociate thanksgiving from faith and prayer. We are thankful that our President, calm and cool-headed, and fortified by Divine grace, looks out upon the terrible future without a qualm of fear. Woodrow Wilson is a God-fearing man. Writing to Dr. Fox of the American Bible Society from the Mayflower on September the first, he says:

"I am glad to have an opportunity to endorse the effort of the American Bible Society to procure a fund of $400,000 to cover the expenses of supplying men in the Army and Navy with Bibles. This is an object which I am sure all Christian people will wish to see accomplished. I hope that it may be, for the sake of the men who are going to the front. They will need the support of the only book from which they can get it.

"And it is this Book, the Blessed Word of God, which gives support and comfort to the head of our nation in these awful, stressful times. Giving a rule of faith and practice to our soldiers and sailors, the President most earnestly commends this God-inspired volume to their use in the following strong, short words:

"The Bible is the Word of Life. I beg that you will read it and find this out for yourselves—read, not little snatches here and there, but long passages that will really be the road to the heart of it. You will find it not only full of real men and women, but also of things you have wondered about and been troubled about all your life, as men have been always; and the more you read the more it will become plain to you what things are worth while and what are not; what things make men happy—loyalty, right dealings, speaking the truth, readiness to give everything for what they think their duty and, most of all, the wish that they may have the real approval of the Christ who gave everything for them—and the things that are guaranteed to make them unhappy—selfishness, cowardice, greed and everything that is low and mean. When you have read the Bible you will know that it is the Word of God, because you will have found it the key to your own heart, your own happiness and your own duty.

"A second cause for thanksgiving is that our country has been brought to realise that luxury and extravagance tend to eat away the vitality and lead to the decay of the individual and the nation. An economic expert estimated that America wasted ten million dollars every year in useless and harmful expenditures. This enormous sum is worse than wasted, for the needless spending of so much money creates a habit of life that tends to demoralise the character of our young men and women. The forces which contributed to the downfall of the Roman Empire mentioned in Gibbon's wonderful history were beginning their deadly work in our Republic and in course of time would assuredly have brought ruin to America as they did to that ancient Empire. Listen to the awful indictment of Rome:

"'Gluttony, caprice, extravagance, ostentation, impurity, rioted in the heart of a society which knew of no other means by which to break the monotony of its weariness, or alleviate the anguish of its despair.'

"'On that hard pagan world disgust
And secret loathing fell:
Deep weariness and sated lust
Made human life a hell.
In his cool hall with haggard eyes,
The Roman noble lay:
He drove abroad in furious guise
Along the Appian Way:
He made a feast, drank fierce and fast,
And crowned his head with flowers,
No easier nor no quicker passed
The impracticable hours.'

"And on top of that mouldering monument of Rome stood the Emperor, who in the terrible phrase of Gibbon, 'was at once a priest, an atheist and a god.'

"Our beloved country has been snatched from such a disaster. We have been suddenly halted and warned to look circumspectly to our goings. Every department of science has been marshaled to gather facts and data and direct their accumulated results towards economy, safety and thrift. New inventions are daily being made. Land, fallow for generations or perhaps never cultivated at all, has been converted into rich glebes yielding abundant harvests. The American Medical Association of which the distinguished Mayo is President, recently told us in effect that alcohol, whose praises the poets have sung from time immemorial, is a sneaking, insidious enemy to Society, the home and the individual: that for the purposes for which it has been used, it is the devil clothed as an angel of light tempting our boys to ruin and destroying the peace and safety of our homes. Can we not swell the note of thanksgiving that the Senate of the United States, that noble body of distinguished men, has put the mark of Cain on distilled liquor which has so long masqueraded as the promoter of mutual friendships and genial company, the stimulus to physical effort and the sine qua non of high class literature and elevating poetry. The illusion has been dispelled and the states of our Union, one after another, are voting to drive out this lying enemy from our American hearths and homes. Of nations, as well as of individuals, it may be said:

'There is a line by us unseen
That crosses every path
The hidden boundary between
God's patience and His wrath.
To cross that limit is to die
To die as if by stealth:
It does not quench the beaming eye
Nor pale the glow of health.

The conscience may be still at ease,
The spirits light and gay:
That which is pleasing still may please,
And care be thrust away.

But on that forehead God has set
Indelibly a mark—
Unseen by man for man as yet
Is blind and in the dark.

Indeed the doomed one's path below
Like Eden may have bloomed:
He cannot, does not, will not know,
Nor feel that he is doomed.

He feels, perchance, that all is well,
And every fear is calmed;
He lives—he dies to wake in hell,
Not only doomed—but damned.'

"We have been delivered from such a fate by the manifold mercies of God. For it is of the Lord's mercies that we are not consumed because His compassions fail not.

"A third cause for thanksgiving that we will mention is the closer union of the American people. Since the Declaration of Independence no event has happened more calculated to evoke that overmastering love and devotion to our country that links us together in a common cause to safeguard the security and freedom of our beloved land. There is now no boundary between East and West. No Mason-Dixon Line ever again will separate the strong and sturdy North from the fair Sunny South. Party differences and disputes are now amicably settled; and as the President says in his Proclamation: 'We shall never again be divided or wonder what stuff we are made of.'

"And finally, our people are being brought nearer to God. Oh, my fellow countrymen, let us never lose that conception of God that our forefathers had—that reverence for the Almighty that is clearly manifested and embodied as the national attitude towards our Creator in the Proclamations of George Washington and Woodrow Wilson. Listen to the words of the Prophet Isaiah:

"'Who hath measured the waters in the hollow of His hand and meted out heaven with a span and comprehended the dust of the earth in a measure and weighed the mountains in scales, and the hills in a balance?

"'Behold the nations are as a drop in a bucket and are counted as the small dust in the balance. Behold He taketh up the isles as a very little thing. All nations before Him are as nothing; and they are counted to Him less than nothing, and vanity.

"'It is He that sitteth upon the circle of the earth, and the inhabitants thereof are as grasshoppers: stretcheth out the heavens as a curtain and spreadeth them out as a tent to dwell in: that bringeth the princes to nothing. He maketh the judges of the earth as vanity. Even the youths shall faint and be weary and the young men shall utterly fall. But they that wait upon the Lord shall renew their strength: they shall mount up with wings as eagles: they shall run and not be weary, they shall walk and not faint.'

"It is that God, high and lifted up, that has graciously vouchsafed us the bountiful harvests of grain.

"A beautiful custom in the Chinese economy, now unhappily abolished, prevailed for many hundreds of years in this country. Recognising that his people depended on Heaven for sustenance, the Emperor went out in the field every year with his ministers of state on the early morning of the vernal equinox and ploughed a furrow in the earth. This was done as an acknowledgment and an example. A high respect for agriculture by the Emperor of China has instilled into this great people the fixed idea of the priceless value of the field as the nourisher of human life. With our better conception of God, how much more should we acknowledge Him as the bountiful giver of every good and perfect gift? Our rulers recognise that His will is above that of every potentate. Our lives are in His hands. If He shuts up the windows of heaven we perish. 'In Him we live and move and have our being.' On account of the present conditions in the world, thousands are turning to God. Is it not an indication that emphasis is being placed on eternal values when in one part of America thirty-five million dollars were recently given to the Young Men's Christian Association to provide for the spiritual and physical comforts of our sailors and soldiers at the front? If our people are drawn nearer to God, then will this war indeed prove a blessing far greater than 'mere peace of mind and prosperity of enterprise!'

"And remembering that humbleness of spirit implies repentance; and the condition of effectual, fervent prayer is faith in Jesus Christ; let us apply this exhortation of the President in the Proclamation read today to our own lives and needs: 'And while we render thanks for these things, let us pray Almighty God that in all humbleness of spirit we may look always to Him for guidance; that we may be kept constant in the spirit and purpose of service; that by His grace our minds may be directed and our hands strengthened and that in His good time, liberty and security and peace and the comradeship of a common justice may be vouchsafed all the nations of the earth.'"

The "Star Spangled Banner" was then sung by the audience, the benediction pronounced by Dr. John R. Hykes and the meeting brought to a close.

Over 30 years ago the late Lord Beaconsfield testified to the benefits he received from HIMROD'S CURE, and every post brings similar letters to-day.

HIMROD'S CURE for ASTHMA

FAMED FOR 40 YEARS.

Sold in tins by all Chemists and Stores throughout the Country.

Beware of Imitations.

K & E

Stand for

ABSOLUTE RELIABILITY

in

ENGINEERING INSTRUMENTS

AND MATERIALS

Blue Print Paper
Drawing Paper
Profile Paper and Cloth
Drawing Instruments
Drawing Inks
Drawing Tables
Water Colours
etc.

Engineers' and Architects' Levels
Railroad and Mining Transits
Range Finders
Angle Mirrors
Ranging Poles
Levelling Rods
Measuring Tapes and Chains
etc.

Sole Agents :

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

4 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Telephone 778

GRAND HOTEL KALEE

Winter Season 1917/18

A MUSICAL DINNER

followed by A DANCE will take place

On Saturday, Dec. 1st

at 8 p.m.

Reservation of tables may be made by 'phone No. 1999 (Manager's Office)

"BEAR BRAND" STERILIZED

BERNESE ALPS MILK

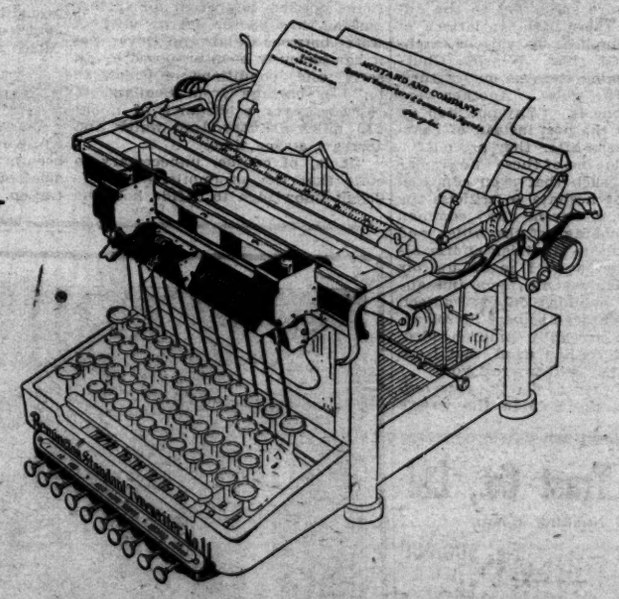
"THE RICHEST OF ALL TINNED MILKS TESTED" says the Committee on Infant and Invalid Diet of the Medical Missionary Association of China.

Sold by all Grocers

THE BERNESE ALPS MILK CO.

1 Foochow Road.

THE NEW IDEA



The latest REMINGTON idea

is a machine to write, and add, and subtract, and audit

— ALL ONE MACHINE

It adds when it writes; or subtracts when it writes; or writes without adding; or adds without writing. It does all or any of these things whenever you please.

MUSTARD & CO.

AGENTS

22 Museum Road Shanghai

BRASCOLITE

DIFFUSION PLUS REFLECTION

Day or Night
Here's Daylight

—wherever lighting efficiency plays a part in comfort, work, enjoyment or sales.

International Import & Export Co.

13 Nanking Road Telephone 4757

FLASH LIGHT PHOTOS

A scientific job, every body with eyes open, no smoke. Proofs submitted same evening.

Burr 2 Broadway

SPORTS ◙ Latest News of Athletic World ◙ GOSSIP

'ATHLETES' ROMP AWAY WITH FOOTBALL GAME

Rodger Finds Shanghai's Goal Line Attractive; Makes Four Visits

If the sailors of the Shanghai American football team could only have got Mr. Rodger twisted in his sense of directions and got him to running the wrong way they'd have won from the American Athletic Club eleven yesterday at the Cricket Club field. But the galloping Club half-back's bump of location was in fine working order and he refused to be lured into any attacks on his own goal, and he rushed the oval over his opponents' final chalk line four separate times. Similar expeditions by Tinkham and Merrill and a couple of kicked goals brought the final score up to 38, while the other side's scoreboard registered a poignantly persistent zero.

The Shanghai team were hopelessly outweighed and were beaten from the start, but they battled back gamely and the contest was cleanly fought, if onesided, throughout. Both sides tried the forward pass successfully on occasion, but for the most part there was little open play and the most spectacular features were staged when Rodger broke away for long gains around the end. A big crowd circled the sidelines and though the majority were not familiar with the game, it held their interest. They grew quite animated at times. A few so far forgot themselves as to cheer.

Rodger, Kulp, Woods, Merrill and Budell were the outstanding luminaries for the Athletes and Selby and Mack shone for the losers—but it isn't fair to pick stars, when everybody worked hard and all, especially the civilian contingent, will be wearing the bruises and sore limbs of battle around for the next week.

The Athletic Club won the toss and received the ball and about five minutes after the quarter opened Tinkham picked up a fumble behind Rodger and galloped across for 6 points. The play was in Shanghai territory for the rest of the 10 minute period, but no more scoring occurred until the next quarter, when Rodger carried the ball over on two successive plays around end. The half closed with the score 12-0, both attempts at goal failing.

The scoring came faster in the next half. Woods received the kick off, returning the ball 10 yards and on the first play Rodger broke loose again and tore a zig-zag course down the field 50 yards for another touchdown. Tinkham kicked goal. Score: Athletes-19; Shanghai-0.

The sailors received, and on a fumble Roberts recovered the ball. The Athletes also fumbled but Kulp recovered the ball and on the next play Merrill skirted right and for a 25-yard sprint to the line. Tinkham kicked goal. Score: Athletes-26; Shanghai-0.

Woods returned five yards on the kick-off, a forward pass to Marsh failed and the Athletes were forced to punt. At this stage the Shanghai team showed its best spurt. Mack brought the ball back ten yards. Budell threw Weimer for a short loss. Selby shot a short pass over the line to Mack, who made ten yards. Selby made ten more around right end and it looked as though the sailors had started going. Kulp broke through on the next play, however, and Shanghai lost three yards. A forward pass failed and then Rodger threw Weimer for a six-yard loss. With twenty yards to go Selby smashed through the line for 15 yards on a desperate try and the ball went over. Gardner immediately kicked and when the ball was fumbled Kulp recovered it on Shanghai's five yard line. The sailors braced up and piled up their opponents' attack and Woods attempted a drop but failed. The Selby and Mack combination got going again when the ball was put into play and made first down twice with bucks and another short pass. They lost the ball on downs and after Merrill had made three yards off tackle, Rodger took another sprint down the field and placed the ball under the goal posts as time for the quarter ended. Tinkham missed goal. Score: Athletes 32; Shanghai 0.

The ball zig-zagged back and forth, mostly in Shanghai territory, during the last period. Mack got away and dodged for a twenty-yard gain through the Athletic Club team at one juncture. Then, after Woods had run a punt back to mid-field, the untameable Mr. Rodger shot around left end again and notched the last touchdown. Tinkham failed at goal. Play ended with the ball in possession of the Athletic Club on the sailors' 45 yard line.

The teams:

Athletic Club—Budell, Oots, r.e.; Roberts, Langley, Snyder, r.t.; Ashley, Roberts, r.g.; Bradley, c.; Langley, Snyder, r.g.; Kulp, l.t.; Tinkham, Marsh, l.e.; Woods, q.b.; Gardner, f.b.; Rodger, r.h.b.; Merrill, l.h.b.

Shanghai—Mack, Reed, r.e.; Staples, r.t.; Boedecker, r.g.; Draper, c.; Bishop, Finch, Garza, r.g.; Holdness, l.t., Swartz, Fairbanks, l.e.; Selby, Mack, q.b.; Wrasse, Selby, f.b.; Weimer, r.h.b.; Williams, l.h.b.

Touchdowns—Rodger, 4; Tinkham; Merrill. Goals from touchdowns—Tinkham, 2. Referee, Mr. E. L. Sanford. Umpire, Mr. O. W. Gott, jr. Head linesman, Mr. R. Reeder. Time, four 10 minute periods

Shanghai's only chance to wipe out their zero came when they blocked a punt on the victors' goal line early in the game, but Woods fell on the ball for a touchback.

'B' Company Prizes

A presentation of the prizes won at the Annual Rifle Meeting of "B" Company (British) S.V.C., took place Tuesday evening at the Town Hall, company officers present being Capt. Cubitt and 2nd-Lieut. Melville.

The prizes and the inter-section Efficiency Shield, won by No. 1 section, were presented by Major Pilcher, who complimented the men and spoke of the necessity for increasing the strength of the unit to 100 members.

Capt. Cubitt announced that the Rifle Meeting had secured the sum of $300 for war charities.

'A' Company Shoot

"A" Company (British), S.V.C., fired off the November Monthly Cups, the conditions being 5 shots at 300 yards Bisley targets and 5 shots at Practice No. 5 of the Classification Course, no sighters in either case. Weather conditions were satisfactory, the light being very clear and very little wind blowing. Private Cameron won the "A" Class competition for the third time in succession, a notable achievement in view of the heavy accumulating handicap imposed.

The best scores in each class were as follows:—

"A" Class.	Bisley.	No. 5.	Gross.	H'cap. %	Nett.
Pte. J. E. Cameron	21	17	38	14.25	32.59
" G. F. Forshaw	20	13	33	4.25	31.60
" E. O. Wilson	17	16	33	7.00	30.69

Pte. Cameron wins 1st leg on 3rd Cup, and spoon for highest score; future handicap 15.75%.

"B" Class.					
C.-Sgt. G. H. A. Snow	21	17	38	4.25	36.39
L.-Sgt. E. W. Godfrey	23	15	38	7.00	35.34
Corpl. F. E. Hodges	20	15	35	7.00	32.55

Col.-Sergt. Snow wins 2nd leg on Cup, future handicap 7%.
Lance-Sgt. Godfrey wins spoon for highest score.

"C" Class.					
Pte. H. W. Kilby	19	15	34	nett	34.00
" P. D. Sullivan	19	16	35	4.25	33.51
L.-Cpl. H. Robinson	12	14	26	nett	26

Pte. Kilby wins 1st leg on Cup, future handicap 4.25%.
Pte. Sullivan wins spoon for highest score.

After the conclusion of the Cup shoot, C.-Sgt. Snow, Sgt. Marshall and Pte. Wilson (E. O.) shot off the tie for the Bronze Medal awarded in the aggregates for the Company's 1917 Bisley and service meetings. A sighter and 3 shots at 600 yards resulted in a win for Col.-Sergt. Snow.

Benefit Football Match

Following are the teams for the big benefit football match to be played Saturday by the Recreation Club v. Rest of Shanghai, in aid of the Tommies' Xmas Fund:

Recreation Club—Wade, Ollerdessen, Turner, Mears, Adams, Hansen, Sofoulis, Brandt, Quayle, Robertson and Cooke.

Reserves—White and Smith.

Rest of Shanghai—Bertes, Tonkin, Oliveras, Clissold, Isherwood, Campbell, Leslie, Drake, Elliott, Clifford and Olsen.

Reserve—Encarnacao.

Referee—H. F. Landers.

Linesmen—A. J. Stewart and E. P. Graham-Barrow.

Hon. Treasurer—J. E. Lucas, c-o Lane, Crawford and Co., Ltd.

Indoor Baseball

The second team of the Lowrie Institute defeated the First Provincial Commercial School at indoor baseball on Wednesday afternoon. This was the first time the Commercial School had ever played this game with any other school and the team had been practising but a short time. This school has been taking a high place in inter-provincial athletic meets during recent years.

Royal Flying Corps' Hospital Fund

	$
D. McColl	25
Rubber Necking at Art Smith's	5
Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club Dinner	205.44
	$ 235.44
Previously acknowledged	10,299.11
	$10,534.55
Previously acknowledged Tls.	2,097.75
Shanghai Race Club Autumn 1917 Meeting	£ 500.0.0
Previously acknowledged	645.0.0
	£1,145.0.0

Transferred to R. F. C. London:

June	9, 1917	£1,434. 0. 8
Sept.	18, 1917	430.17. 8
Oct.	11, 1917	600. 0. 0
Nov.	29, 1917	567.13.10
		£3,022.12. 2

Royal Flying Corps Hospital Fund,
A. H. Hallam,
Hon. Treasurer,
No. 1 The Bund.

44,000 U.S. Airplanes By July 1918

Washington, November 12.—(delayed).—Officials here express the belief that it will be possible for the United States to double the announced program of 22,000 airplanes and 50,000 motors by July 1918.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers to the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 10 a.m.

YOUR BREATH....?

Is it offensive? Is your tongue as clean as it should be in the morning? If not let

PINKETTES

help you. They dispel Constipation, correct torpid liver, bad breath, foul tongue, bilious headaches. As gentle as nature.

Of all chemists, or 60 cents the phial, post free, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

MY FEES
ARE REASONABLE

I do not regulate my charges by the amount of the patient's bank account, but maintain a fixed-scale of prices, charging all persons alike for similar work done in the same way. I make no claim to cheap dentistry, for cheap dentistry is expensive dentistry. If you purchase a hat and do not get your "money's worth," you have only wasted your money, whereas if you purchase cheap dentistry you not only waste your money, but your teeth probably receive serious injury, possibly resulting in the impairment of the whole physical system.

Years ago I perceived the great evil of the inequality of dental charges. The best dentists charged too much, and the cheap dentists charged too little. The former charged for professional and social prestige; the latter did not charge enough to pay for good materials and the time required for first-class work. To me a middle course seemed the only fair one, and I adopted it. I ask prices that permit a fair margin of profit for honest, skilled service, but no fancy fees for style and social prestige.

If you do not think the above words borne out by my actions, you are welcome to call at any time and get my estimate for your own case, which will not entail you any expense.

Remember my address:
34 Nanking Road, First Floor.
DR. C. CAMERON
"The Painless Dentist"

LIFEBUOY SOAP

USE LIFEBUOY FOR HEALTH'S SAKE

Give LIFEBUOY SOAP a trial today for your health's sake.

LIFEBUOY SOAP has been proved to be a powerful disinfectant and exterminator of germs and microbes of disease.

Your Dealer Sells It.

Agents: LEVER BROTHERS (CHINA) LIMITED
3 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai

Visit
"THE GIFT SHOP"
for
Your Holiday Shopping

SQUIRES, BINGHAM CO.
17 A Nanking Road
Mail Orders given prompt attention

TOMMIES' XMAS FUND
GREAT CHARITY FOOTBALL MATCH
under the distinguished patronage of
Sir Everard D. H. Fraser

SHANGHAI RECREATION CLUB
versus
"THE REST OF SHANGHAI"
on the RECREATION CLUB GROUND
SATURDAY, 1st December, 1917, at 2.30 p.m.
ADMISSION: ONE DOLLAR

The entire proceeds to be devoted to the
TOMMIES' XMAS FUND
For Soldiers and Sailors
6946

WEST 1211
"THE MOTOR HOUSE" FOR MOTOR TROUBLES
H. S. HONIGSBERG & CO. INC.

Insure Your Motor-Car

with the
Java Sea and Fire Insurance Company
8b Kiukiang Road: Tel. 70
LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND MODERATE RATES

"STATESMAN"
MEANS
LEADERSHIP
USE "STATESMAN" BRAND PAINTS, THE LINE OF RECOGNIZED QUALITY, MANUFACTURED BY
CHARLES H. BROWN PAINT COMPANY
WE CARRY A COMPLETE RANGE OF EXCLUSIVE COLOURS—READY FOR USE. PRICES ON APPLICATION
PAINT DEPARTMENT
CHINA-AMERICAN TRADING CO., INC.
13A1 CANTON ROAD: TEL. 918

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coal Coke

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

SCIENTIFIC EYE-TESTING
英大馬路勞合路口 中國科學驗眼公司
Precise Duplicating — Fine Repairing
ACCURATE LENS GRINDING
Toric and Kryptok Lenses, Sun-glasses, Protection Goggles & Everything Optical
Special rate to Doctor's prescriptions
CHINESE OPTICAL COMPANY
P 352 Nanking Road, cor. Lloyd Road
Branches: Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Changsha, Hangchow

As the dark days arrive better illumination becomes a necessity, lamps in use have blackened, give less light and consume more current.

THEREFORE

It pays to replace the old lamps and to use those of proved reputation among electric light users throughout the world.

"OSRAM"—"G.E.C."
DRAWN WIRE LAMPS

Give utmost brilliancy, long life and consume least current

SOLE IMPORTERS
THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. (OF CHINA), LTD.
7, Jinkee Road, Shanghai
Telephone 1606 and 1608.

(2)

THE attention of consumers of electricity is called to Municipal Notification No. 2479 appearing on page 12 of this issue.

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
HOME OFFICE, Ford Building, Wilmington, Delaware, U. S. A.
Address all Communications to
THE CHINA PRESS
Publication Office Canton and Kiangse Rd., S'hai
Editorial Offices.. Canton and Kiangse Rd., S'hai
New York Office.....World Building
Washington Bureau Metropolitan Bank Building
Tokio Bureau.....Japan Advertiser Building

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year...Mex.$22.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY four Months $8.50
SUNDAY, per Year 7.00
Mailed to Outports, 50 cents per month, or Mex. $6.00 per year extra.
Mailed to foreign countries the cost of postage will be added.
Street Sales—Daily 10 cents per copy: Sunday 20 cents per copy.
Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission with "special marks" privileges in China.
Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S. Postal Agency, Shanghai, China.
Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.
Telephone—1432 Business Office.
1433 Editorial Department.
Telegraph Address—NATPRESS SHANGHAI.

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated
Delaware, Publishers

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOVEMBER 30, 1917

Some Japanese Views On Today's Great Problems

BARON Okura, interviewed a few days ago by the Peking correspondent of The Japan Advertiser, made some unusually interesting observations concerning the attitude of Japan not only towards China but in relation to the world war.

"Is there any possibility of any eventuality arising which will make it to the interests of Japan to withdraw from the Entente Alliance?" asked the interviewer.

"Japan must continue her position in the Alliance," said the Baron. "Her interests are bound up with those of the Allies."

In reply to another question, the Baron said that it was a good thing for China that she had decided to cast in her lot with the Allies. He said that it is difficult for any one nation to act independently in these times.

"Have you any friendly word of advice to give to the Chinese people?"

"As a business man," said the Baron, "I hope that the Chinese Government and people will establish close connections with all the countries of the world, including Japan. China should establish closer business ties with the different countries of the world and should improve her commerce and industries. The 400,000,000 intelligent workers of China are a valuable commercial asset if properly utilised."

Baron Okura was asked what he thought of the political crisis in Peking.

"In China, events happen so suddenly that one can hardly get one's bearings. I've no view to express on the Chinese political situation," was the Baron's laconic answer.

"The first and most important thing for China is to establish a standard currency, preferably the gold standard. Each province issues a separate currency. This system must be done away with if China wishes to improve the financial status of the Republic," declared Baron Okura.

"It has been said that the Terauchi Ministry stands or falls with the Tuan Chi-jui Cabinet. Do you think that the downfall of the Tuan Government will react on the Terauchi Ministry?"

"To my mind, the Terauchi Ministry appears to be in a firm position," replied the Baron.

"There has been some talk in European papers that Japan may be called upon to go to the aid of Russia in the way of sending Japanese troops to the Eastern Front. Is that possible?" asked the interviewer.

"As to that, I'm not in a position to speak. Japan has already supplied Russia with munitions," responded the Baron.

At this stage of the interview, the question of the Ishii-Lansing understanding at Washington was touched on, and the Baron was asked to pronounce an opinion on the matter.

"In my view," said the Baron, "I think it's a very good thing in the interests of all parties. Some years ago, Mr. Harriman came to Japan and proposed to purchase the South Manchuria Railway at any price, but Japan would not agree. Mr. Knox later proposed the establishment of a neutral zone between Russia and Japan in a part of Manchuria, with the United States as the governing power, and for some time past misunderstanding has existed between Japan and the United States, to the detriment of the friendly relations between the two countries. The recent understanding between Viscount Ishii and Mr. Lansing removes at one stroke all the misunderstandings that have previously existed. The Chinese should also be pleased that the understanding should have been established between Japan and the United States," answered Baron Okura.

Japanese press comment on the various problems touched upon by Baron Okura takes a wide range. For instance, the Tokio Nichi-Nichi, discussing the position of Japan with regard to the Entente Powers, is very earnestly urging upon its government the necessity for making Japan's wants known. In a long editorial it says:

"We advise the Japanese diplomatic authorities to be forward in putting our claims before the world, instead of being backward as they are now. The Japanese diplomacy fails in that it is too backward." The editor reviews the war situation in Europe and says that in spite of the announcement made by Britain and France that they will go to the rescue of Italy and that the Entente Powers shall co-ordinate their military activities, "there is a possibility that peace will be discussed in a short time. Should a peace conference be conducted Japan must be prepared from now to present her proper claims at that conference. Japan should make known her claims beforehand in order to let other nations understand what she will claim at the peace conference."

The editor further reviews the circumstances which led to Japan's participation and her part in the war. At the time of the opening of the war, Japan's geographical position made her people regard the war as a far off event, he says. But as the war progressed, and since there have been such developments as the Russian Revolution, and the American participation in the war, the relations of Japan with the war became very delicate. "There has come to be discussed with renewed interest the question of Japanese mobilisation in Europe. Japan has come to feel the effects of the war very keenly. The Japanese people who had at first enjoyed the profits which accrued to them owing to the economic changes brought about by the war have now come to feel the reverses. Optimism has given place to pessimism. No-one anticipated when America entered the war that Japan would feel so great effects from it. The Japanese people, officials as well as private subjects, are now realising their lack of intelligent anticipation before."

The editor then dwells on the question of the steel negotiations with America which failed and the consequent necessity on the part of Japan to seek to supply her own needs in steel at home. "As for the question of Japanese mobilisation, because M. Pichon has come into power as the Foreign Minister of France it is likely that this question will be discussed with renewed zest, because M. Pichon was the very first advocate of Japanese mobilisation. This question will be discussed in the coming Paris Conference.

"What attitude shall Japan take, should that question be brought up for discussion in that conference? This problem should be solved now. As the war progresses there is a likelihood that more demands will be made upon Japan, and that Japan may be obliged to make more sacrifices. Japan will not shirk her duty as one of the Entente Powers. But at the same time, Japan should put to the other nations beforehand boldly and without hesitation what her claims will be. France has put forth her claim to Alsace-Lorraine and Britain declares that she shall not return the territories which she occupied from Germany. When these Entente Powers are making their claims thus known, why should not Japan make hers plain in a public declaration? She might just as well say that she will not return the South Sea islands which she occupied from Germany. Mr. Roosevelt has said that Japan should retain those islands permanently. But Japan is hesitating to declare it for herself. She is very shy."

In short, the editor does not believe in shyness. "Japan may be respectful toward other nations, but at the same time she needs not to be shy and hesitating."

The Yamato declares that the situation in Russia is very serious, "in view of the Harbin telegram to the Asahi, as to the decision of the army and the navy authorities of Russia to withdraw from the battle fronts." The editor says that Germany will be the gainer by the disturbance in Russia and the withdrawal of the Russian fighters from the fronts. The editor fears that the effect of these conditions in Russia will be felt very much in Japan. It is up to the Japanese people, he says, to study just what should be done with the situation caused by the withdrawal of Russia as a fighting unit.

The Yorodzu, while frankly pessimistic as to the position of the Entente Powers, is firm in urging Japan to go the limit in assisting them to break down the German power of resistance.

"The great advance of the German and the Austrian forces had been expected" says the Editor. "The Italian army had been thought to be able to meet the enemies effectively. But it was defeated when Marshal Mackensen of Germany pounced upon the Italian army. Some German spies may have been at work in Italy. The Italians may have been scared by the name of Mackensen. It is now expected that with the assistance of Britain and France the situation may be saved.

"But Britain and France may not be able to continue to assist Italy very long. It will be impossible to beat back the German and the Austrian forces from the Italian front. But the Italian army will be able to take charge of the situation without forever depending upon the assistance of the other Entente Powers.

"The situation in Russia is very serious and difficult to gauge. There is a need for the Entente Powers to see that anxiety as to Russia is removed somehow. At present there is nothing for the Entente Powers to do but to wait for Germany and Austria to starve, and be tormented by internal discord. The Entente Powers may be obliged to wait for America to come to their assistance.

"But should Russia make a separate peace with Germany, the situation will become very much graver. Even at that the war must be continued. The statesmen of the Entente Powers are now studying the problem of what is to be done with the situation. Japan as one of the Entente Powers must do everything to assist in the cause of the Entente Powers in the war."

The Kokumin, commenting on the Russian situation of chaos and anarchy, says that Russia is likely to disappear because there is no central authority in the country. "There can be no such thing as peace negotiations between any two nations unless both of them are in a sufficient strength to be able to conduct the negotiations. Russia is likely to meet the same fate of natural decay as did many nations of history."

Practically all Japanese newspapers continue to praise and welcome the Ishii-Lansing agreement as making for a better situation in the world, and they further welcome the recently concluded Grand Canal Loan in which American and Japanese capital is participating in China for the development of this country, as the first fruit of that agreement.

Pershing Commanded Indians

(From The Washington Post)

"If a contingent of American Indians is sent to France to fight for Uncle Sam against the Central Powers, they will find a warm welcome from General Pershing," Col. J. A. George of South Dakota remarked the other day. "General Pershing has been a friend of the Indians for a great many years. He commanded a company of Sioux Indian scouts in the Sioux war of 1890-1891, and has lived among the red men for a good many years.

"I happened to be at the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation in South Dakota during the winter of 1890-1891, when Pershing was a second lieutenant. He participated in the battle of Wounded Knee and remained on the reservation of the Indians, commanding the company of Sioux scouts.

"In the summer of 1891 Pershing received promotion to first lieutenant, while he was the head of the Sioux scouts. His brother, who was with him then, a kid boy, afterward became an officer, but retired a few years later because of ill health, while 'Black Jack' went on to great things.

As far back as 1890 Pershing showed that he was destined to become one of the great figures in the military history of this country."

Georgia Awaits Developments

From the Dahlonega Echo

The associate editor of this paper has been promised a good whipping by a certain young man of this town, that is, if we ever used his father's name in this paper. We promised, when we started out on our newspaper career, to give the news without whitewash, fear or favor, and we expect to do it, regardless of any and all threats. We are like Zacharias of old, little of stature, but if this young man gets to feeling too good and wants to try us a few we are ready any time.

A Georgia Business Slump

From the Tipton Gazette

Having no further use for the building, the town of Pelham has rented its guard-house for $1 a month. The slump in business is attributed to the bone dry law, which has been blamed for many similar incidents.

Work Of The Flood Fiend

Vivid Picture Of Conditions

(Peking Daily News)

The appended extracts from a letter to the Metropolitan Union Flood Relief Council received from a member of a committee of missionaries and Chinese Christians who recently visited the flooded region of Chihli province give such a vivid and impressive picture of the conditions observed, that none but the most callous and hardened can view the matter with indifference. Many of our readers have doubtless knowledge of agencies through which they can directly contribute to the relief of the suffering, which is sure to be intense during the coming cold weather, but to those who are not themselves in touch with these agencies, it is suggested that contributions may be sent to the Metropolitan Union Flood Relief Council, Shih-Fu Ma Ta Chieh, Peking. This Council receives applications from missionaries and others who are engaged in relief work, and distributes to them after investigation such funds as are entrusted to it. Mr. S.E. Lucas, of the Bank of China, is the foreign treasurer of the relief fund.

The extracts above referred to follow:—

"In reply to your request for my opinion concerning the seriousness of conditions in that large section of Chihli Province which has suffered from flood, may I say that, in my judgment, unless relief is effectively administered on a large scale, sickness, hunger and death will be the fate of tens of thousands of people before the winter is done, and the economic strength of the population as a whole be measurably weakened.

"A rough map of the area affected has been prepared by Messrs. Chandler and Mills, and they have tried to indicate what parts of the district have suffered worst. At the outset our committee felt that the flooded districts might usefully be divided into districts still under water and districts where the waters receded in time to plant spring wheat. After the experiences of our journey I do not feel that this is a particularly useful distinction as a criterion for determining the desperateness of the need, in the coming months. The fact that lands sown to spring wheat will bear a harvest next summer does not alleviate present hunger, and from the districts under water a large exodus has taken place to adjacent villages on land from which the waters have receded. For purposes of description, therefore, I shall deal only with conditions in those less afflicted villages whose lands are already under cultivation again, or will be next year. For the exact limits of the area over which the conditions I am about to describe obtain, let me refer you to Mr. Mills and Chandler. In a journey of two weeks through representative districts we were increasingly appalled by the magnitude of the disaster, measured both by the completeness of the destruction wrought and by the wideness of the territory affected.

"To realise the desperateness of the situation, one must consider in detail the following facts.

"The spring crop of wheat was very poor on account of the widespread drought.

"The sudden coming of the water on the ninth of the sixth month and protracted torrential rains tumbled down a very large proportion of the houses, which, in many of the sections we visited, are chiefly made of unbaked bricks, an indication of the poverty of the villagers even in the best of times. More serious, perhaps, than the loss of the houses themselves was the attendant destruction of much movable property, including clothing, and the ruining of even the limited supplies of grain stored in the houses that fell. Incomparably more serious than losses of the sort just described was the carrying away of all standing crops.

"In trying to estimate the self-recuperative power of the unfortunate villagers, three questions were significant: (1) What food could be secured from the land in the months remaining before frost? (2) Was there a plentiful supply of grain this year in unflooded districts so that the afflicted districts could be fed, provided there were money to purchase the grain? (3) What financial resources did the villagers command for the purchase of food, fuel, clothing, and building materials, in place of those they had lost?

"Over a considerable part of the flooded district the waters subsided quickly. Everyone bought buckwheat seed, buckwheat being the one staple crop which it was possible to harvest before winter. The supply of seed was naturally inadequate to meet the unexpected demand and the price rose several hundred per cent. This was a drain on the financial resources of the community. In many places the expenditure was quite in vain, for a second flood carried away the crop. At very best only twenty-five or thirty per cent of the harvest hoped for was actually reaped, so that the relief afforded to the food shortage was very slight.

"The answer to question number two was in the affirmative. In many of the grain-producing districts of North China the season has been a good one for autumn crops and, if difficulties of transportation can be overcome, there is no reason why grain should not be sold at low prices throughout the flooded district till the spring wheat is harvested next summer.

"The crucial question is the purchasing power of the people. Since grain was available, for a price, it was to be expected that real starvation would not set in at once, not until the financial resources of the population, however scanty, had been exhausted. It is this fact which makes observers differ in their estimate of the situation. If you consider only the present conditions of the flooded villages, they cannot be described as famine conditions. In the judgment of cautious observers, famine conditions and bitter distress will begin to make themselves felt about the middle of December and will become more intense up to next summer's harvest. This conviction is based upon the following facts, in addition to those already stated:

"In a large part of the places we visited there are no large holders of land, who could from accumulated wealth tide dependents or poorer neighbors over a time of exceptional calamity. The farmers are all small farmers who, in the best of times, barely get through the year with enough to eat, and never save any considerable amount of cash. The one form of property upon which they could realise cash was their livestock. But animals had to be sold at once, on account of the complete absence of fodder, with no regard to the market, and hence were sold at a great loss. In places near the railway or unflooded highways they brought, at most, a third of their value. In places surrounded by water they had to be killed and were thus an almost total loss. I have already referred to the cost of buckwheat. In some places unseasonable rains rotted two or even three sowings of spring wheat before a crop sprouted. This was a further drain upon the financial resources of the small farmers. The rebuilding of their houses, though the chief material was mud, meant an outlay for wood, nails and reeds.

"And sober study of the financial resources of the flooded population combined with observation of the conditions of life that obtain already, makes it easy to paint a picture of the conditions that will be general when, in the cold of winter, people will be living in damp, cold houses—for the mud has had no chance to dry—more densely than ever, and without food, fuel, clothing or the money wherewith to buy them. It would be a thousand pities if intelligent people, cursed by the lack of imagination and basing conclusions only upon the fact that no great number of people have yet starved, should leave millions of people to face hunger, cold, sickness and death this winter with no effort to extend the aid of common humanity."

Knitting

By Frank L. Armstrong

(From The Pittsburgh Gazette Times)

This war was brought a custom back
that seems to be most fitting,
It was the vogue in grandma's time;
it is the art of knitting.
Our women spend most of their time
At knitting socks; they say it's fine;
They meet in groups of eight or nine.
Knitting,
Knitting,
Knitting.
This knitting game was something
new to nearly every girl;
She had to learn to cast a stitch, to
make a seam and purl.
But now they say it's simply rich,
It isn't hard to cast a stitch,
The work goes on without a hitch,
Knitting,
Knitting,
Knitting.
Our women are a loyal crowd, their
work is not for show;
Our soldier boys will sing their praise,
wherever they may go.
This knitting's made an awful hit;
For everybody's doing it;
You can't persuade the girls to quit
Knitting,
Knitting,
Knitting.
Our soldier boys will wear the socks
Our girls so kindly knit.
Here's hoping, girls, that you will
try to make a perfect fit.
An awful thing 'twould be, you see,
A misfit sock is misery;
The soldiers all, we fear, would be
Quitting,
Quitting,
Quitting.

Liberty Vs. Safety

By Benjamin Franklin

Those who would give up essential liberty for the sake of a little temporary safety deserve neither liberty nor safety.

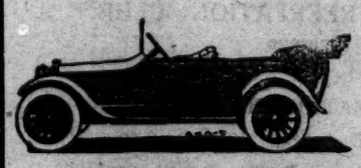
XMAS GIFTS

LADIES' FINE QUALITY SILK HOSE
FITTED WORK BASKETS
GENT'S ATTACHE CASES
LETTER CASES
POCKET BOOKS (LOOSE LEAF)
WATERMAN'S GOLD (Self-filling)
FOUNTAIN PENS

Boyes, Bassett & Co.
35 Nanking Road.

TRADE "Twenty Mule Team" Brand MARK
Boron Products
BORAX—BORIC ACID
For Industrial, Medicinal and General Purposes
Highest Reputation for Purity and Uniformity
The Eastern Trading Co., Ltd.
Telephone 841 38 Canton Road, Shanghai

Representatives:
Zylstra & Co.
6 Kiukiang Road.
Tel. Central 4739


FOR SALE
A
Large Number of
NEW AND SECOND-HAND CARS
at prices to suit everybody
LANDAULETTES, LIMOUSINES, ROADSTERS,
TOURING CARS, 2, 4, 6 AND 8 CYLINDERS,
of well-known
French, British and American makes.
TRIAL TRIPS MAY BE ARRANGED BY APPOINTMENT.
AUTO CASTLE 228, Avenue Joffre
(opposite French Fire Station) Tel. Central 402

Refracting and Manufacturing
Dr. John Goddard
Optician
Toric Lenses
Invisible Bifocals
Sun Glasses in Various Shades
W. T. Findley, M.D.
36 Nanking Road, Tel. 1928

Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

YOU ARE WASTING YOUR TIME! YOU WILL HAVE TO TALK TO MY FATHER AND GET HIS CONSENT!
I WILL - MY LOVE FOR YOU IS BIGGER THAN THE WORLD-
MR JIGGS - CAN I HAVE A FEW WORDS WITH YOU?
YES - AND THE FEWER THE BETTER!
I THINK HE'S GOIN' TO SING
AH! MR. JIGGS - I CANNOT LIVE WITHOUT YOUR DAUGHTER!
WELL - HERE'S MONEY FOR YOUR FUNERAL EXPENSES
GEO MCMANUS
10-1

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

The Blue Devils Of France, Who Trained Pershing's Men

Some Glimpses of Their Life as Reflected In Their Newspaper The 'Diable Au Cor,' And In the Verse of Henry Baerlein

The Chasseurs Alpins, better known as the "diables bleus" or "Blue Devils," and selected to train Pershing's soldiers, are reckoned among the best fighters in the French army. The Chasseurs Alpins, like the Alpini of the Italian army who have performed such wonderful feats in recent weeks, are mountain troops. It is, briefly, their business to perform impossibilities of valor.

Of the life and habits of the Blue Devils adequate description has now been given by a recent British publication, the "Rimes of the Diables Bleus" of Henry Baerlein. Mr. Baerlein, who before the war had published two popular volumes of verse, "The Diwan of Abu'l Ala" and "Windrush and Evenlode," has been serving with a British ambulance unit among the Chasseurs. He describes the winter campaigns in the mountains as requiring from the army "an enormous amount of endurance." And this applies, of course, not merely to the men who stay for periods that seem incredible in the fire trenches and those who, looking like wild men of the Arctic, attend in their scattered posts to the wonderful seventy-five and other artillery, but also to the drivers of camions, those great motor lorries, and particularly to the muleteers, who plod by night and day along the roads that, on account of their steepness and for other reasons, are not practical for the camions.

"This strenuous life is relieved by more or less unpleasant incidents"—naturally enough. Some of the incidents, as described for the Diable au Cor, Mr. Baerlein has included among his verses. A glimpse of "Dawn in the Vosges," as a soldier sees it, is given by Mr. Baerlein:

The world is gray,
But far away
The crystal peak
Has caught the sun
Day has begun
The world to seek.

Sombre the trees,
And now one sees
Wild violets.
The mist is fair—
But I stand there
Bowed with regrets.

The mist is torn
The shreds and borne
Like leaves around—
Each is the sigh
Of men that lie
Below this ground.

The grim humor of the conflict is evident in the brief verse called "War":

And April goes—
Still nothing new:
The Captain who
Commands our foes,

He caught a chill
About New Year,
And I can hear
Him coughing still.

"Christmas Night on the Braunkopf" is itself like the hymn it celebrates:

All round him the snow—
The white sentry can see
Above and below
The same whirling of snow.

Some broken off trees
In the fitful moon
Are all that he sees,
And he nods at the trees.

Now comes from the plain
A chiming of bells;
He can hear it again
From the depths of the plain.

A beautiful hymn
Floats up from the Boches,
And his eye grows dim
As he joins in their hymn.

How the soldier regards the days to follow the war is told in "Looking Forward":

When the war's over
What shall we do?

Shall we go singing
All the day long,
To the sky flinging
Our happy song?—
When the war's over
What shall we do?

Shall we have near us
There in the crowd,
When the war's over
Shall we have near us
The comrades we lost?
Ah, will they not cheer us
When we are bowed,
When the war's over?

Or shall we have tossed
Our old selves to the dead years,
We that come back
From the terrible red years?
Shall each then be made
A different being,
Now nevermore seeing
The old pilot's track?

And when the war's over
Shall healing be laid
Upon the world's sore?
Oh, shall the world's ailing
Be stirred no more,
And shall the world's wailing
Be heard no more,
Shall the gray blight
Be displayed no more,
Shall there be light
That will fade no more?

How life goes on in war time appears vividly in "The Old Woman":

I laughed. It was a village of Lorraine,
The Boche artillery was back again.
I was collecting children, who proceed
Toward the cellars with defective speed—
And, by the way, the cellars may be grand,
Except for those with rheumatism and
For those who suffer from short sightedness
And also those who pretty wives possess.
Well, as hurried down the stricken road,
It was to see the shells drop and explode,
So that large gaps appeared upon the walls.
An aged woman by the market stalls,
With spectacles upon her wizened face,
Was looking critically at a place
In some gray stockings—then the good old soul
Began repairing a tremendous hole.

The general tone, however, adds Mr. Baerlein, of the Diable au Cor is not so much cheerful as boisterous. It treats with hilarity such subjects as the miscellaneous flying and leaping creatures which are, apparently, a necessary incidental of trench warfare and which answer, the pollus aver, to the pet name of "Toto." The Diable au Cor is also given to disclosing, under the heading of "Elegances" or "Petites Announces," the very private affairs, past, present and future, of local ladies and military gentlemen, whose modesty is respected only to the extent of initials.

Capt. Vidal, the editor, who commands a machine gun company, has fought in many parts of France, has been wounded a number of times and has received the badge of the Legion of Honor as well as the Croix de Guerre, the latter with five palms. In addition to his journalistic exploits, he has also helped compose the "Revue Endiablee," or "The Bedevilled Revue," which has been acted in various places on both sides of the old frontier.

A piece of Mr. Baerlein's that recalls the war poems of Wilfrid Gibson is "Regrets in the Trenches":

My father said it was the same to him,
He said that I should trouble him no more.
He looked at me, his face was white and grim,
And there he stood beside the open door.
Well, he was right. Poor man, I won't deny
That I was never what you might call suave.
He shouted after me that I would die
And then at last go where I must behave.
Among all this that crashes here on you,
One may get me. Pouf! I don't care a cent.
But how much more amusing if I knew
Precisely what poor old father meant.

Although throughout the war they have been posted on various parts of the front, it has been the particular duty of the Blue Devils to take care of the mountain, chains to the east of France. When these troops are referred to by their Generals in the orders of the day it is always as the "diables bleus," and even the Boche knows them only by this name.

Their uniform is as peculiar to them as are kilts to a Highland regiment. Whereas the ordinary poilu in the army of France wears a sky blue uniform, which speedily fades and assumes the role of "protective coloration," the Chasseurs Alpins have remained faithful to a deeper hue. They wear, moreover, tam o' shanters, the berets which are decorated, both for officers and men, with a small post horn—hence the name of their field newspaper, the Diable au Cor.

The Chasseur even has his own march, the "Sidi-Brahim," in memory of 1845, and his one flag for all his sixty-seven battalions. Each corps in turn has the honor of guarding this sacred emblem, which is decorated with the Medaille Militaire. It is taken to the bedside of dying Chasseurs, for them to kiss.

The Chasseurs are physically stalwart, thick legged rather short men, recruited usually from the Vosges, the Pyrenees, Auvergne or the Dauphine. They are required to ascend mountain heights that in times of peace scarcely a human being dared invade and to defend these heights in the bitterest days of winter. But the Chasseurs regard their performances cheerfully enough, as witness again their newspaper, the Diablé au Cor.

To that same outlet for the literary aspirations of the Blue Devils belong many tales. The Diable au Cor is usually regarded as the best of all the newspapers of the French army. At any rate, when, some months ago, a great Paris daily arranged a competition for these field newspapers, the Diable au Cor took first prize among more than 120 entries.

Like others of its kind, the organ of the Blue Devils wavers not unhappily between romanticism and Rabelaisianism. President Poincare, who, incidentally, is a Capitaine de Chasseurs Alpins, receives the Diable au Cor regularly and no doubt finds its unvarying cheerfulness a valuable relief in the routine of that most unexciting office the chief magistracy of the French Republic. At one time the paper had a standing offer of a prize of 50 francs to any subscriber who brought a captive Boche to the editorial office. It is said that this offer had to be discontinued, because the editor, Capt. Gaston Vidal, found that his profits were being eaten up. These profits, be it remarked in passing, are expended in the purchase of special comforts for the Chasseurs.

REAL FRENCH BURGUNDY

RECEIVED FROM

Messrs. Jules Regnier & Co., Dijon, France

and bottled in Shanghai

At $12.00 per dozen bottles.

HIRSBRUNNER & CO.

"THE SWISS HOUSE"

1 Nanking Road Telephone 218

ARTS & CRAFTS, LTD.

SEE WINDOWS FOR THE VERY LATEST IN

CRETONNES

43 Bubbling Well Road. 'Phone West 455

Washable

"Synoleo" Color Wash

An Oil Paint thinned with Water applied like Distemper and drying as hard as Cement.

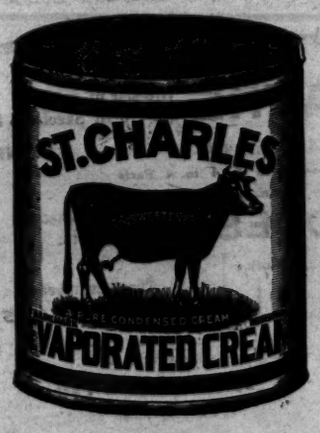
Gives Flat Enamel Results at Distemper Cost.

Specified by all the leading Architects.
Further Particulars and
Book of Colours stocked in Shanghai
from
Branch House of Actual Manufacturers
Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, Ltd

2A Kiukiang Road.
'Phone 2010

WHC

Take No Chances With Your Milk Supply!
Use a Safe Milk!



ST. CHARLES EVAPORATED CREAM

may be utilized for all purposes where ordinary cows' milk would be used. St. Charles Cream comes from healthy cows raised under expert supervision. It is just pure rich milk, evaporated and condensed.

Connell Bros. Company

Agents for China

You and your family would enjoy a
Victrola!
We have one ready for you. $15 to $400. Easy terms.
VICTOR AGENTS
S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.
Victor

ARTISTIC GAS FIRES

Our GAS FIRES are a happy combination of the THREE essentials:

EFFECTIVE RADIATION
EFFECTIVE VENTILATION
EFFECTIVE APPEARANCE

HIRE 50 Cents Per Month

Small Charge For Removal

For particulars, apply to;

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

Engineer's Office: 5 Thibet Road.
Showroom: 29, Nanking Road.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

BENJAMIN AND. POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$600 Sa.
Chartered	£64 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 320 S.
North China	Tls. 115 B.
Union of Canton	Tls. 735 B.
Yangtsze	$190 B.
Far Kaistern Ins. Co. Ltd.	Tls. 10 B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$131 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 310 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref	Tls. 100
Indo-China Def	
"Shell"	115s. B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 22 Sa.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 46½
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9 B.
Oriental Cons	2½s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	Tls. 2½ S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	Tls. 124 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 71 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls 12¾ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 66 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 90 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land.	Tls. 80 S.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 70 Sa.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd	$9 B.
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cottons Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 170 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 95 B.
International	Tls. 100 B.
International (pref.)	Tls. 62½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 63 B.
Oriental	Tls. 40
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 113 B...
Yung Yik	Tls. 15.80 B
Yangtsepoo	Tls. 6.40 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Bulter Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	Tls. 90 Sa.
Green Island	Tls. 7.20 Sa.
Langkats	Tls. 14½ B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 70 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	Tls. 14 Sa.
Llewellyn	$60
Lane, Crawford	$100
Moutrie	$35
Watson	Tls. 5¾
Weeks	Tls. 14 S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 10 Sa.
Amberst	Tls. 1 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 9.80
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4.60
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 29 B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 1.02½ S.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 3½ S.
Bute	Tls. 1.15 Sa.
Chemor United	Tls. 1.15 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 10½
Cheng	Tls. 2.30
Consolidated	Tls. 2.55 B.
Dominion	Tls. 9½ S.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls 6.70 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 17¼
Kamunting	Tls. 6.
Kapala	Tls. 60 cts. B.
Kapayang	Tls. 27 S.
Karan	Tls. 12
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 7¼
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 16
Padang	Tls. 12½ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 8 S.
Permata	Tls. 3 S.
Repah	Tls. 0.95 Sa.
Samagagas	Tls. 0.85 B.
Seekee	Tls. 6
Semambu	Tls. 1.10 B.
Senawang	Tls. 12
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.92½ S.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7
Shai Malay-pref	Tls. 11.10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls.1.40 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.55
Sungei Duri	Tls. 9
Sus Manggis	Tls. 5½ x d B.
Thai Kalantan	Tls. 77½ cts.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 75 cts.
Taiping	Tls. 1½ S.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.02½
Tebong	Tls. 18
Ulobri	Tls. 2 B.
Ziangbe	Tls. 5
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110
Culty Dairy	Tls. 9 S.
Thai Elec and Ash	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 66½ B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 23 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30
Thai Telephone	Tls. 79 S.
Thai Waterworks	Tls. 190 B.

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Telephone No. 398

British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & CO.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 29, 1917.

Money and Bullion

	Tls.
Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate	
@ 99=Tls.	101.01
@ 74=Mex. $	136.50
Mex. Dollars Market rate	73.7
Dragon Dollars: native bank rate	11
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls.	2.80
Bar Silver	43⅛
Copper Cash per tael	177.8
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 4/1⅛=Tls.	4.87
exch. @ 74=Mex.	$6.59
Peking Bar	—
Native Interest	.17

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	42⅜d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of discount:—	72.4
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex. Paris on London Fr.	27.52
Ex. N. Y. on London T.T.	$476⅛
Consols	£ —

Exchange Opening Quotations

London	T.T.	4/1⅛
London	Demand	4/1⅛
India (nominal)	T.T.	287½
Paris	T.T.	564½
Paris	Demand	557
New York	T.T.	97⅛
New York	Demand	96⅜
Hongkong	T.T.	71
Japan	T.T.	52⅜
Batavia	T.T.	219½
Straits	T.T.	57⅛

Banks Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cdts.	4/3½
London	4 m-s. Docy.	4/3⅜
London	6 m-s. Cdts.	4/3⅛
London	6 m-s. Docy.	4/3⅛
Paris	4 m-s.	587
New York	4 m-s.	102½

Customs House Exchange Rates For November

Hk. Tls. 4.30	@ 4/2⅛		£1
„ 1	@ 574	=Francs	6.39
„ 1	No quotation	Marks	†5.21
„ 0.90	@ .99⅛	Gold	$1
„ 1	@ 51⅛	Yen	2.15
„ 1	@ 15	Rupees	3.49
„ 1	@ 7.54†	Roubles	7.95
„ 1	@ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50

† Nominal.

Stock Exchange Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, November 29, 1917

Official

Yangtszepoo Cotton (ord.) Tls. 6.70 December
Shanghai Lands Tls. 70.00
Shanghai Tugs (ord.) Tls. 22.00
Almas Tls. 10.00
Butes Tls. 1.15
Repah Tls. 0.95

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, November 27.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:—

Consols 2½% for account: £56.

Cheques on London at Paris: Fr. 27.18.

T/T. on London at New York: G.$4.76½.

Bar Silver (Spot): 42⅜d.

Bank of England Rate of Discount: 5%.

Market rate of Discount: 4⅛%.

Cotton; Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis: 32.20d.

Cotton; M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal 18.02d.

Cotton; Goodmiddling Americans: 23.00d.

Plantation Rubber December: 2s. 6½d. paid.

Deliveries China Silk: 364 bales.
Deliveries Canton Silk: 161 bales.
Deliveries Japan Silk: 186 bales.
Tone of Tea Market. Steady.

China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

We issue Policies in Sterling
Take advantage of the Exchange.

Telephone to us, Central 2601, or write to the Head Office,
10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL
Established 22 years,
102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, November 28.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 2s. 6¼d. Paid.
January to March: 2s. 7d. Buyers.
Tendency of Market: Quiet.

Previous Quotation, London, Nov. 27:—
Spot: 2s. 6¼d. Paid.
January to March: 2s. 7d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Steady.

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co., have received the following telegram from Messrs. Kimmel and Co., London dated 28th instant:—

Spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 2s. 5¼d.

Spot price standard quality First Crepe 2s. 6¼d.

Market steadier tendency quiet ex warehouse (Singapore) 2s. 1⅜d.

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, November 27.—Today's metal prices were:—

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b. (Nominal)	110	5	0
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f.o.b.	125	0	0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton	Nominal		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b.	30	0	0
Quicksilver, Second hand Ex Warehouse f.o.b. (1/- Extra in flask)	20	10	0
	Nominal		
Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less ½%)	Nominal		
Standard Tin (Cash)	284	0	0
Spelter (ordy soft f.o.b.	52	0	0
Galvanised Sheets 24 Gauge f.o.b.	26	5	0
Standard Tin (3 Months)	282	5	0

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, November 27.—Today's silver prices were:

Bar Silver Spot: 42¾d. Quiet.

Previous Quotation, London, Nov. 26:—

Bar Silver Spot: 42¾d. Absence business; Quiet.

London, November 26.—Today's silver prices were:

Bar Silver Spot: 42¾d. Absence business; Quiet.

Previous Quotation, London, Nov. 24:—

Bar Silver Spot: 42⅛d. Steady.

Osaka Gives Hardy Present Of Armor

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Osaka, November 28.—The Mayor of Osaka has presented some Japanese armor to Mr. Hardy, the sole survivor of the crew of Commodore Perry's flagship, who is now visiting Osaka, Kobe and Kyoto.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL,
TIENTSIN.

Cable Address:
ASTOR.

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Comfortable Bedrooms with Bath; Double, Single or En Suite.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign Supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

Pursuing our policy of selling provisions in bulk, we have added a new line to our stock:

COFFEE AND COCOA

Three reasons which should induce you to buy from us:

Our Coffee, a perfect blend, is roasted daily; therefore, it is fresh:
Our Coffee is ground while you wait; therefore, it is pure:
Our Coffee is sold in paper bags, not in expensive tins; therefore, it costs less.

Call or send your boy for a sample

12 NANKING ROAD or 768 BROADWAY

I. SHAININ & CO.

DELIVERIES TWICE DAILY
TELEPHONE YOUR ORDERS TO CENTRAL 1899

News Brevities

H. G. Hill and Co., 119 Szechuen Road, drapers and outfitters, announce that, beginning December 1, a liquidation sale will be held of their entire stock. Stocks are being marked at prices far below today's value, in order to clear.

* * *

Only three more performances will be given by the Court Cards in Shanghai. They will leave tomorrow night after their closing performances at the Lyceum Theater. A special matinee for children will be given tomorrow.

* * *

Mr. Tsen Tsung-chien, the new Shanghai Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, arrived at Nanking Wednesday and has telegraphed to the Shanghai office that he will arrive at Shanghai today.

* * *

Fifty pieces of opium were found by Custom officers Monday and Tuesday in the shipments of Tientsin cabbages brought here by the steamers Kobe Maru and Hsinming from Dalny and Tientsin respectively. Legal proceedings have been brought against the shipping companies concerned. The opium balls were hidden inside the cabbages after their cores had been removed.

* * *

Mr. S. K. Loh, the new justice of the Shanghai City Civil Court, is expected to come to Shanghai tomorrow

* * *

It is learned from Mr. C. R. Yin, of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, that the statement published to the effect that he returned from Hangchow on November 26 in company with Chi Yao-ling, civil governor of Chekiang, is incorrect.

* * *

Mr. A. Kahn, of Messrs. Pathe Freres, has left Shanghai to take charge of the firm's Tientsin branch.

* * *

Mr. Wong Toh-chi, Assistant Magistrate at the Mixed Court, died yesterday of bronchial asthma.

* * *

The engagement is announced of Mr. Alexander Russell Smith, of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Yokohama, and Miss Miriam Margaret Hedges, daughter of the late Mr. John R. Hedges, of Galveston, Tex., U.S.A.

* * *

The Rev. William Loraine Seymour Dallas, Chaplain to the Forces, and son of the late Charles Henry Dallas of Shanghai, was killed by a shell explosion on September 20. He was born in Tokio in 1884.

* * *

Seven of the eight Chinese charged with conspiracy to defraud Messrs. G. R. Grove and Co. of divers sums of money were convicted yesterday afternoon in the Mixed Court, before British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Kwan. One of them, named Zung Zang-tsung, a ringleader of the plot, who has been doing recruiting for the complainant for skilled artisans, whom he substituted with ordinary coolies, was given three years. Kau Vung-kong, a photographer, represented by Mr. R. F. C. Master, was acquitted. One accused drew nine months' imprisonment and another four months, while the remaining four were given three months each. Mr. G. D. Musso prosecuted.

* * *

Signor Scamuzzi and his concert party arrived here yesterday and, as already mentioned, will give their first concert next Saturday night, at the Olympic Theater. We wish to call attention to the splendid program which has been arranged and which appears on our amusement advertising page, so book your seats early and avoid the rush. A real treat is in store for everyone.

Dance At Town Hall

The following program will be played for the dance at the Town Hall this evening, beginning at 5.30:

1. One Step "Sailing down Chesapeake Bay" Boteford
2. Waltz "La Fuite d'Amour" Turney
3. Waltz "Criserie" Marchetti
4. One Step "On the Road to Zag-a-Zig" Finck
5. Waltz "Vision" de Breville
6. One Step "All Aboard for Dixie Land" Grimble

A. de Kryger,
Conductor-in-Charge.

'The Great Idea'

Shanghai looked at itself again last night at the Victoria Theater. Judging from the packed house and the enthusiastic applause, these local films gain in popularity every time they are shown.

Thanks to the herculean efforts of Mr. S. J. Deeks, backed up by Mr. Campbell Henderson and a bevy of beautiful girls, the show will bring in at least $3,000 to the Portuguese Red Cross Fund.

Besides the excellent pictures, a fine vaudeville performance was given, in which Madam Fano, in some dainty songs and Camillo, the famous French comedian, in a musical medley, took the big house by storm. Thanks must be given to Miss Jansen and Mr. Julius Rosenfeld for the excellent way they accompanied the vocalists.

Siccawei Weather Report

28.—The pressures have been almost stationary in our regions; they have moderately fallen on the coasts of Pechihli and Shantung, where a cyclonic circulation of developing.

29.—Very fine weather Hoar frost. Barometer moderately falling but still above the average.

Thursday, November 29, 1917.

WEATHER	4 a.m.	9 a.m.
Bar. at Centg., mm...	773.37	775.05
Bar. at Centg., inches.	30.45	30.51
Variation mm for 24h	†5.87	†5.25
Variation mm for 12h	†2.98	†2.06
Wind—Direction	N	NNE
Wind—Kilom per hour	10	30
Wind—Miles	6.2	18.6
Temperature—Cen	6°2	18°6
Temperature—Fah	47.5	4.89
Humidity: co	68	56
Nebulosity 5-10	2	4
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

Travelers Checks Are SAFE

Wells Fargo Travelers Checks safeguard your funds. If lost or stolen before you countersign them, Wells Fargo & Company will refund the full face value of the checks upon execution of a satisfactory indemnity bond.

You sign your name on the checks when you buy them. Then, when you need cash or wish to pay a bill you sign the check again in the presence of the man who accepts it. Your signature identifies you.

The checks are bound in a neat leather case in one or assorted denominations, as you prefer—$10, $20, $50, $100, $200.

Sold at Current Exchange Rates, premium 50 cts. per $100.00.

Wells Fargo & Co Express

No. 8 Kiukiang Road.
(Corner Szechuen Road.)
Telephone 4241.

Owen Williams,
General Agent.

Amusements

THE
International Cabaret and Dance Hall
Will open on
Saturday, 1st December, 1917
at
No. 1 Jukong Road
(off North Szechuen Road)
near
THE ISIS THEATRE

Doors open at 9 p.m.

16000

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE
No. 3 Woochang Road (Near Chapoo Road)

PROGRAMME
For November 30th, Dec. 1st & 2nd

"HANDS FROM THE SHADOWS"
Pathe Color-Drama in 3 Parts

"REUBEN'S BUSY DAY"
Comedy

"OH! CHIVALROUS WIFFLES"
Comedy 2 parts

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
Every Monday and Friday

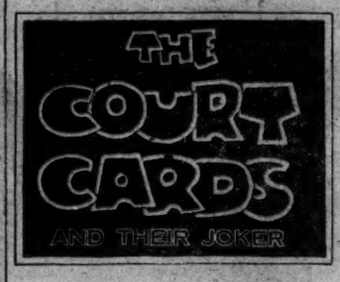
Matinee on Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

Admission Prices:
30 cts., 20 cts., and 10 cts.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE

Tonight, November 30th
AND TOMORROW NIGHT
Last Two Nights of
EDGAR WARWICK'S
famous combination



Another Change of Program
Tomorrow, Saturday, Farewell Night
Reappearance of Edgar Warwick as the Joker
Saturday afternoon Matinee
Special Programme for Children

Plans at Moutrie's

OLYMPIC THEATRE

Saturday, December 1st
Commencing at 9.15 p.m.

3 GRAND OPERATIC CONCERTS 3
SIGNOR A. CARPI
Presents
SIGNOR SCAMUZZI
Famous Baritone
MME. DE REVERS
Sopranot
MLLE RUSS
Mezzo Soprano

PROGRAMME

Overture.
1. Pagliacci. Prologo (Leoncovallo) Signor Scamuzzi
2. Wally. Ebben nv andro lontano (M. Patalani) Mme De Revers
3. Favorita. O, Mio Fernando (Donezetti) Mlle Russ
4. Faust, Dio Possente (Gounod) Signor Scamuzzi
5. Mefistofeles. Nenia (Boito) Mme De Revers

PART II.

Overture.
6. Ugonotti. Salute O' Cavalier (Meyerbeer) Mlle. Russ
7. Barbire di Siviglia Largo al Fatotum (Rossini) Signor Scamuzzi
8. Coming Home (Charles Willeby) Mme De Revers
9. Faust. La parlate d'Amor (Gounod) Mlle Russ
10. Trovatore (Duet) Mira d' acarbe lagrime (Verdi) Mme. de Revers & Signor Scamuzzi

THE VICTORIA THEATRE

PRESENTS

FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY

Nov. 30th and Dec. 1st, 2nd and 3rd

ALSO AT

SUNDAY MATINEE

GERALDINE FARRAR

In a Picturisation of

"CARMEN"

A Paramount Picture

THE OLYMPIC THEATRE

PRESENTS

John Barrymore

IN

"THE RED WIDOW"

A thrilling humorous photo-production of the famous melodramatic comedy

To be exhibited for

THREE NIGHTS ONLY

Friday, November 30th
and
December 2nd and 3rd
and at
MATINEE on SUNDAY

APOLLO THEATRE
Programme for November 30th, Dec. 1st and 2nd.

Continued Success of
ABBOTT
ABBOTT
"THE CRAZY MAGICIAN", in an entirely new programme. Don't miss this act. He is clever, original and amusing.

A great Pathe Star Film
"THE CORSICAN BROTHERS"
Adapted from the celebrated novel by Alexander Dumas.
HENRY KRAUSS, as the Immortal novelist. A Three Reel Film.

PATHE'S AMERICAN GAZETTE, ANNALS OF THE WAR
Our weekly topicals.

"STOP! LUKE! LISTEN!"
The great Harold Lloyd, the cleverest comedian on the screen today.

MATINEE Saturday, 5 p.m. "KICK IN"

MATINEE Sunday, 3 p.m.
"THE FATAL RING" 1st and 2nd Episodes.

ISIS THEATRE {Corner of Jukong & North Szechuen Roads

TONIGHT (7.15 & 9.15 p.m.) TONIGHT

Showing Episodes 3 & 4 in 4 Parts of the Fascinating Serial
THE GODDESS { In 5 Episodes 30 Parts.

featuring
The Beautiful Artist ANITA STEWART
The Clever Actor EARLE WILLIAMS

Showing Also
Episode 6 in 2 Parts of the Stupendous Serial
"THE GIRL & THE GAME"
entitled: "Helen's Wild Ride"

Matinees on Saturday & Sunday at 3 p.m.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Ht. Hon Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ilollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower Burma)
Haiphong	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

L. R. BREMNER.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital	Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves	Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital ....Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt,) and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Annoyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s.	$15,000,000
Silver	18,500,000
	$33,500,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Chairman.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Deputy Chairman.
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton.
F. C. Butcher, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bangkok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtau
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dairen	Nicolayowsk	Vladivostock
Hailan	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
Managers for China, Japan and India.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital	H.$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital	H.$1,371,500
Reserve Fund	H.$ 120,000
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 20,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital:	
Chinese Government	10,000,000.00
Chinese Mercantile Community	2,312,500.00
	$12,312,500.00
Reserve Fund	1,892,564.85

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shansi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum, on Dollar Current Accounts at 1 per cent. per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital	Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by	THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 21, 1913.

President Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Saigon and Hongkong

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminister Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local currency and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.
1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	„ 36,000,000
Reserve Fund	„ 22,100,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthur
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Seattle
Changchun	Lyons	Singapore
Dairy	Mukden	Sydney
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sinanfu
Harbin	Newchwang	Tiehling
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kobe	Peking	Tsingtau

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Shanghai Commerical and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital	$ 300,000.00
Reserve	$ 10,000.00
Deposits (June, 30, 1917)	$1,590,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a speciality.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current accounts in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus	U.S. $6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits	U.S. $1,348,000.00
	U.S. $7,848,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Bankers:

Bombay	Hongkong	Peking
Calcutta	Kobe	San Francico
Canton	London	Santo Domingo
Cebu	Manila	San Pedro de,
Colon	Medellin	Macoris
(Cristobal C.Z.)		Shanghai
Hankow	Panama	Singapore
		Tientsin
		Yokohama

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:—

Bahia	Rio de Janeiro
Buenos Aires	Santiago de Cuba
Genoa	Santos
Havana	San Paulo
Montevideo	Valparaiso
Petrograd	

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLAND TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 11,595,461, (about £966,288)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Bankers:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tegal
Dejember	Penang	Telok-Betong
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Rangoon	Weltevreden
Langsa	Semarang	
Kota-Radja	Singapore	
Makassar	Soerabaya	
Medan		

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital	Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	600,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Pangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		Singapore

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tae Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager.
7 Nanking Road.
9752

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

PAID-UP
Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted on approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO,
Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN,
Sub-Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
No. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Capital (Paid-up)	Yen 18,750,000
Reserve	Yen 2,800,000
Deposits	Yen 150,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi Kure, Nihama, Hiroshima, Yanai Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow

London Banker:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED
New York Banker:
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASHARA.
Manager.

Tel. No. 2359 (Sumitomo Bank).
Tel. No. 2360
Tel. No. 4663 (Compradore Office).

中華銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916

Head office: Tientsin

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	$1,000,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Tsingkianpu	

Shanghai Branch
441, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y.S.R. SUN,
Manager.
T. D. ZAR,
Sub-manager.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1917

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today							
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, C'da, U. S. & E'ope via Canada			a14.00	..	..	..	13.30
H'kong, S. Ports, A'lia, Straits Ceylon, India & E'pe v. Suez		..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	21.00	..	..	..	..	20.30
Tsingtao, Manchuria & Dalny	Kobe maru	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong, S. Ports, Australia, Straits, C'lon, India & E'pe		7.30	..	..	..	..	7.00
Japan, Canada, U. S. & Europe		11.30	..	..	..	..	11.00
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	V. Vancouver	..	..	b12.00	..	..	11.00
Swatow and Hongkong		..	9.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S'apore, C'mbo, India Egypt & U. K'dom v. Suez		..	8.30	..	..	..	..
Amoy and Swatow	Toonan	21.00	17.00	..	16.30	17.00	21.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wosang	8.30	..	..	..	..	8.00
Hongkong and Canton		7.30	..	..	..	..	7.00
Tientsin	Fengtien	8.30	9.00	..	..	..	8.00
Ningpo and Wenchow	Kwangchi	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Foochow	Haean	21.00	17.00	..	16.30	17.0	21.00
Peking and T'sin (Every day)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.30
T'sin (Daily except Sunday)		..	17.00	..	..	..	
Hankow		..	17.00	..	..	..	
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow							
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Anhui	21.00	..	..	16.30	17.00	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan via Nagasaki	Chikugo maru	..	..	..	..	c11.00	10.30
Japan ports	Chikugo maru	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and U. Kingdom, v. Canada & USA		..	10.30	..	..	..	10.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and Canton		8.00	..	..	..	..	7.30
Hongkong, S. Ports, Australia, Straits, C'lon, India & E'pe		8.00	..	..	..	..	17(3.)
Japan Ports	Kashima maru	9.30	..	..	..	..	9.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan via Nagasaki	Kashima mars	..	..	..	..	a10.30	10.30
Sunday, Dec. 2.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.0
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Kingsing	8.30	9.00	..	..	..	8.00
Monday, Dec. 3.							
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	21.00	..	..	..	..	20.30
Europe via Siberia (Express)	†Via Pukow	..	21.00	..	..	..	17.00
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	..	..	..	18.00	..	17.30
Tuesday, Dec. 4.							
Hongkong		..	9.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, A'lia, Straits, C'lon, India & E'ope v. Suez		..	9.30	..	..	..	9.00
America & Japan v. Nagasaki	Yawata maru	..	..	..	..	a13.00	2.30
Wednesday, Dec. 5.							
Europe via Siberia (P. Train)	†Via Pukow	..	21.00	..	..	..	17.00
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	21.00	..	..	..	..	20.30
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	..	..	..	18.00	..	17.30
Amoy and Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
America and Japan via Moji	Kasuga maru	..	..	..	..	p20.00	19.30
Friday, Dec. 7.							
America & Japan v. Nagasaki	Hakuai maru	..	..	..	..	p20.00	19.30

† Letters forwarded by this route only when specially marked.

A Parcel post 1.30 p.m.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 10 a.m. Parcel post and money orders 9.30 a.m.
C Letters and boxes with declared value 10.30 a.m. Parcel post and money orders 10 a.m.
D Postal money orders and parcel post until 10 a.m.
E Letters and boxes with declared value 0.30 p.m. Parcel post and money orders noon.
F Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

Until further notice, mails for Europe, via Pukow and Siberia, will be closed at the Chinese Post Office as follows: Monday and Wednesday at 9 p.m. Registered mails are closed half an hour earlier.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian post office.

Local Outports Mail

Permanent Notice

Destination. Shanghai-Nanking Train.	Mails. Close Daily. a.m.	p.m.
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking, Hankow and North China.	7.00	
Soochow, Wusih, Chinkiang, Nanking and all intermediate places	8.00 9.00	
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Chinkiang, Nanking all River Ports	11.30	
Soochow, Wusih and intermediate places		2.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow and intermediate places		4.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Chinkiang, Nanking and all River Ports North China ... Shanghai-Hangchow Train.		9.00
Sinchwang, (and Szeking), Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, Wangtien, Siashih, (and Tunghianghsien), Changan, (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping, (and Tangsi), and Hangchow (also Huchow)	6.30 8.00	
Sinchwang, Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, (& Tangsi), Siashih, (and Tunghianghsien), Changan, (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping and Hangchow (also Shaohing and Siaoshan)		1.30
Sungkiang, Kashing, Hangchow and intermediate places		2.30
Ningpo via Hangchow Sundays only		1.30
Woosung Train.	Close Daily.	
Woosung (also Paoshan and Kiangwan)	5.50 7.00 10.10 11.45	2.10 5.00 6.30
Steamer.	Daily. Sundays expected	
Ningpo, Chinhai, Tinghai and Wenchow		3.30
Steam Launch	Close Daily. a.m.	p.m.
Tsungming, Paochen, Haimenting and Miaochen	7.00 11.00	5.00
Chuking and Pinghu	8.00	
Huchow, Nanxin and Linghu	11.00	
Minhang, Nankiao and Tukiahang	8.00 11.00	
Tatwan, Nanhwei, Fengsien and Sinchang	7.00 11.00	
Courier		
Chowpu	6.30 11.00	
Foot Boat.		
Chwansha	6.45 11.00	
Cycle Rider		
Siccawei and Taipac	8.00 10.00	2.00 4.00 6.00
Kiangnan Arsenal	8.00 11.00	2.00 4.00

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	1768	Ger.	Carlowitz	KND
Nov 15	Portland	Adeline Smith	1248	Am.	R. D. Co.	10 p
Nov 28	Hongkong	Anhui	1555	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bonemia†	4289	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B'VII
Aug 5	Honskong	China†	3868	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	BIX
Nov 23	Japan	Chikugo maru	1446	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers*	2651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	KNDW
Nov 26	Singapore	Euplectela	2660	Br.	A. P. Co.	APCW
Dec 27	Nanking	Forsons*	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co	KNDW
Nov 28	Chefoo	Fengtien	1073	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Nov 24	Kobe	Glengyle	3924	Br.	Glen Line	BV
Nov 25	Hongkong	Hejaz	2493	Br.	P. & O. S. N. Co.	
Nov 27	Foochow	Haean	1839	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
Sept 25	Keising	Hingard	614	Am.		ODW
Nov 11	Chinwangtao	Kiangping	1222	Chi.	K. M. A.	TKDD
Nov 28	Hongkong	Kashima maru	2413	Jap.	N. Y. K.	SHW
Nov 16	Honskong	Lotus	3514	Fr.	Cie M. M.	S X
July 31	Hankow	Meidsho*	1583	Ger.	Melchers	KND
July 30	Hankow	Meilee*	1682	Ger.	Melcher	YTPD
Nov 13	Hankow	Meian	417	Am.	S. Oil Co.	KND
Nov 25	New York	Matoppo	5280	Br.	M. B. K.	
Sept 27	Orwise	Pacific	727	Dan.	G. N. T. Co	7 p
July 30	Tsingtao	Sklang*	1540	Ger.	H. A. L.	KNDW
July 30	Hongkong	Silesia†	5318	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	BL
Nov 20	Cruise	Store Nordiske	596	Dan	G.-N. T. Co.	9p
Nov 28		S. V. Margaret	1230	Am.		
Nov 28	Japan	Sapporo maru	1555	Jap.	Satoh Shoki	
Nov 28		Tokei maru	1412	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
Nov 24	Swatow	Wosang	1127	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
Nov 19	Hankow	Yuenbiang maru	496	Jap.	N. K. K.	OD

*Taken over by the Chinese Government on March 14.
†Taken over by the Chinese Government on August 14.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec 7	..	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S.Co
" 15	..	Tacoma and Seattle	Mexico maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 19	..	Victoria & Seattle	Tokiwa maru	Jap.	N.Y.K
" 20	..	San Francisco	Korea maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 24	..	Victoria B.C. and Seattle	Hawaii maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Dec 1	..	Kobe	Kashima maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 1	noon	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 4	..	Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 6	..	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 8	..	Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe	Hakuai maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 11	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Omi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 15	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 16	..	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

..	Liverpool etc.	Yokohama maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
..	London etc.	Kamakuramaru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov 30	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B.&S.
" 30	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.Co
" 30	10.00*	Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wosang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
" 30	P.M.	Wenchow via Ningpo	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
Dec 1	A.M.	Amoy & Swatow	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 1	A.M.	Foochow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 1	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Br.	B.&S.
" 2	D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Anhui	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 4	..	Honskong	Tokiwa maru	Br.	B.&S.
" 4	10.00*	Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	Br.	B.&S.
" 6	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong & Canton	Shantung	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 7		Takao via F'chow & K'lung	Kohoku maru	Br.	B.&S.
" 9	D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	Am	P.M.S.S.Co.
" 15	..	Hongkong & Manila	Colombia		

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov 30	10.00*	Tientsin	Fengtien	Br.	B.&S
" 30	11.00*	Tsingtao and Dalny	Kobe maru	Jap	S.M.S.
Dec 4	..	Tinsgtao & Dalny	Isshin maru	Jap.	M.R.
" 4	2.00	Dalny	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S.M.S.
" 4	noon	Tsingtao	Sanyo maru	Jap.	S.M.S.
" 8	..	Tsingtao and Dalny	Keelung maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 8	D.L.	Chefoo & Dalny	Wenchow	Br.	B.&S.
" 11	10.00*	Dalny	Shawhsing	Br.	B.&S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov 30	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J.M.&Co.
" 30	M.N.	do	Nanyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 30	M.N.	do	Chungking	Br.	B.&S.
Dec 1	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br	B.&S.
" 1	M.N.	do	Suiyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 1	M.N.	do	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.Co.
" 4	M.N.	do	Kiangkwan	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 3	M.N.	do	Luenho	Br.	J.M.&Co
" 3	M.N.	do	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
"	M.N.	do	Tsiga maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 4	M.N.	do	Fengyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 4	M.N.	do	Luenji	Br.	B.&S.
" 4	M.N.	do	Suiwo	Br.	J.M.&Co.
" 5	M.N.	do	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co
" 5	M.N.	do	Ngankin	Br.	B.&S.
" 5	M.N.	do	Tachi maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 7	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br	B.&S.
" 8	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B.&S.

*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 29	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	KLYW
" 29	Hodgkong	Atreus	6699	Br.	B.&S.	
" 29	Japan	Tokiwa maru		Jap.	N.Y.K.	WSW
" 29	Japan	Nankai maru		Jap.		
" 29	Chefoo	Toonan	842	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	KLYW
" 29	Dalny	Kobe maru	2648	Jap.	S.M.R.	SMRW
" 29	Hankow	Loongwo	2863	Br.	J.M.& Co.	SHW
" 19	Hankow	Nanyang maru	1908	Jap.	N.K.K.	NYKW
" 29	Wenchow	Kwangchi	314	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co	KLYW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Nov 29	Hankow etc.	Kiangwah	2101	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 29	do	Tungting	1264	Br.	B.&S.
" 29	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinming	1428	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 29	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	1616	Br.	B.&S.
" 29	Japan	Kumano maru	3147	Jap.	N.Y.K
" 29	Hankow	Tsengtah	475	Br.	C.I.&E.L.Co
" 29	Tientsin	Feiching	994	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 29	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Str. Nanyang M. Capt. K. Takeshita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. wharf on Friday, November 30, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Loongwo tons 3,925 Capt. Findelson, will leave on Friday November 30, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chungking, Captain Monkman, will leave on Friday, November 30, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Poyang, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, December 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Suiyang Maru, Capt. A. E. Inwood, will be despatched from C. M. Central wharf on Saturday, Dec. 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangkwan, Captain C. B. Conley, wil leave on Sunday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Luenyi Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, December 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngankin Captain Newcomb, will leave on Wednesday, December 5, at about 12 o'cock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Captain Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, December 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungting, Capt. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, December 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77,, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s-str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Friday, November 30 at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WENCHOW via NINGPO.—The Str. Kwangchi, Capt. C. Smith, will leave on Friday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Haean, Capt. F. H. Wallace, will leave on Saturday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY and SWATOW.—The Str. Toonan, Capt. C. Taylor, will leave on Saturday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Anhui, Capt. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, December 2, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents Freight. Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning Captain W. L. Jones will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, December 4, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shantung, Capt. Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, December 6, at daylight. For Fregiht or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Kohoku Maru, Captain M. Oyoma, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on December 7, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Yingchow, Capt. E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, December 9, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight. Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru, Captain T. Suruga, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on December 21, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the customs jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, November 30, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO & DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wenchow, Captain McDowell, will leave on Saturday, December 8, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TSINGTAO and DAIREN.—The Steamer Keelung Maru, Captain T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on December 8, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of he Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Chartered Str. Shawhsing Capt. Morimoto, will leave on Tuesday, Dec. 11, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C. via MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Mexico M. Capt. K. Komiya, will be despatched on Dec. 15. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch Conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Hawaii Maru, Captain J. Kanao, will be despatched on December 24. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular nvoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ———on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha. No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG, and HANKOW.—S.S. Luenyi, Nagankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Chungking and *Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtsze and Hunan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yiagchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Holhow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.
Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO:—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.
For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents. 21-23 French Bund.

Freight: Telephone N. 77.
Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO.

"SUNSHINE BELT"
Trans-Pacific Service
By the New, 14,000 Ton, Oil Burning Steamers
"ECUADOR" "VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu	For Hongkong via Manila
S.S. ECUADOR ..... Dec. 7	S.S. COLOMBIA ....Dec. 15
S.S. COLOMBIA..Jan. 3, 1918	S.S. VENEZUELA ...Jan 12

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two *Bed* staterooms only. No *Upper Berths*. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd., and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

East India Service
By the Modern, Oil Burning Steamers
"COLUSA"..16,000 tons "SANTA CRUZ"..15,000 tons
AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta	For San Francisco via Cebu and Honolulu
S.S. SANTA CRUZ ..Dec. 14	S.S. COLUSA .....Dec. 9
S.S. COLUSA .....Feb. 8	S.S. SANTA CRUZ ..Jan. 20

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information re freightor passage apply to
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)
AMERICAN LINE
(For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.)

Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidsu, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C. arr. leave.
"MEXICO MARU" ...(12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiya, Dec. 14, Dec. 15
"HAWAII MARU" ...(18,000 tons) Capt. J. Kanao, Dec. 23, Dec. 24
For Hongkong arr. leave.
"CANADA MARU" .. (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Suruga, Dec. 22, Dec. 23

CHINA COASTING LINE
For Tsingtau and Dairen arr. leave
"KEELUNG MARU" ..(1,569 tons) Capt. T. Kamiashi, Dec. 6, Dec. 8
For Foochow, Keelung and Takao
"KOHOKU MARU" ...(2,160 tons) Capt. M. Oyama, Dec. 4, Dec. 7

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostock, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.
For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—
M. YAMAUCHI, Manager. OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tels. 4235, 4234.

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

Spring and Summer
bookings are now being made.

There is every indication that travel home next year will be unprecedentedly heavy, and, all those contemplating the trip are warned to mature their plans as early as possible, and arrange for necessary berth reservations.

Round trip tickets are good for twelve months, and are interchangable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and Pacific Mail.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc. apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building.
Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading, quotation of freight rates, etc. apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai v's Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

KOREA MARU	20,000 tons, from Shanghai,	Dec. 22, 1917
SIBERIA MARU	18,000 tons, from Shanghai,	Jan. 3, 1918
TENYO MARU	22,000 tons, from Shanghai,	Jan. 14, 1918

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances. Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RATES by the steamers Nippon Maru and Persia Maru offering superior accommodation, first-class cuisine and service.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, *Agent*,
North China Insurance Co.'s Building.
(Entrance, 71 Szechuen Road.)
'Phone No. 3229.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

S.S. CHINA

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU
JAN. 29, APR. 13, JUNE 24

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE
REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG
JAN. 17, MAR. 31., JUNE 11

G. J. PETROCELLI, FRT. AND PASS. AGENT
NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.
'PHONE 4773. 4TH FLOOR

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Man	Commander
MMB	Apr. ..		D de Lagree	Fr g-b.	..	..	..	
6 P	Oct. 26	Curise	Nightingale	Br. g-b.	85	..	..	
BNB	Nov. 12	do	Quiros	Am g-b	..	..	..	
P&OB	Apr. 14		Samar	Am g-b.	245	4	53	Brown
7 p	Nov. 16		Suimda	Jap g-b	..	..	..	
P&OB	Nov. 16	Curise	Villalobas	Am. g-b.	..	..	..	Clarke
6 P	Nov 16	do	Woodcock	Br g-b	..	..	..	

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For London or Liverpool via ports.

*(For Liverpool.)

	Tons		
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	——	
KAMAKURA MARU ...	12,500	——	

FOR HONGKONG

TOKIWA MARU	15,500	Capt. K. Ogura,	Dec. 3

AMERICAN LINE.

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

TOKIWA MARU	15,500	Capt. K. Ogura,	Dec. 19

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE. (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui,	Dec. 1
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	Dec. 4
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	Dec. 8
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Dec. 11
YAMASHIRO MARU ...	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki,	Dec. 15

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yagiu,	Dec. 6
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Dec. 13

KOBE TO SEATTLE

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	——	Dec. 17

FOR JAPAN

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	——	Dec. 1

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

			Leave Hongkong.
TANGO MARU	14,000	——	Dec. 18
NIKKO MARU	10,000	——	Middle of January
AKI MARU	12,500	——	Feb. 15, 1918

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostock, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai. Tel. No. 2729.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ = Midnight, 13³⁰ = 1.30 p.m.

July 1st, 1917. and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
2035	815	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2220	1950	1020
2345	1112	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1655	710
000	1125	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	220	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1612
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	—	1655	1602
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1631	1547
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1231
1407	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	928
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	808	640
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
810	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1812
1039	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1315	048	—		dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1556	316	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1032
1818	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:	10.
630	447	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2007
1156	853	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1953	1443
1206	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1657	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	728

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1420	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	755	2300

Yenchowfu Tsiningchow Branch Line				Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line					
930	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2030	540	1210	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1128	1858	658	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	708	1302	1958

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

3⁰⁰ — train runs on Thursday only. 23⁰ — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday.**

Strongly Re-inforced, Can't Stop Haig

(Continued from Page 1)

houses and strong points in the village.

"Later in the morning, the Germans counter-attacked with two Divisions of new troops and, under the weight of overwhelming numbers, we had slowly to relinquish our footing in Fontaine and it is not clear whether we retain any portion of the ruins.

"It is now certain that the Germans have re-organised their defences with fresh troops. We still hold the high ground and have a great tactical advantage, although the enemy's stiffer resistance means more desperate fighting. The weather remains abominable.

"The detachment of British troops relieved in Bourlon village belonged to the East Surreys. Our sortie at 5.30 in the evening got in touch with the Colonel in command of the battalion and, through a breach in the enemy's line, which they succeeded in making, eight officers and the rest of the party came back."

Reuter's correspondent gives further particulars of the famous Hindenburg tunnel, which is 13 miles long and 40 feet deep and which was built by Russian prisoners. It was sown with mines and why these failed to explode when the German electricians switched on the contact is one of the romances of the war which cannot yet be told.

Suffice it to say that we had cut the wire leads. The tunnel is virtually bomb-proof and contains nests of chambers, from which large quantities of food, drink and tobacco are being unearthed.

German Bulletin

A German wireless communique this afternoon reports: "British tanks and infantry, attacking westward of Bourlon, collapsed. We temporarily lost Bourlon and Fontaine-Notre-Dame, but re-captured the villages and threw the enemy back into Bourlon Wood, taking 200 prisoners."

On the French Front

Paris, November 28.—The official communique issued yesterday evening reported:—There has been fairly vigorous artillery activity in the Juvincourt district and on the Bois-le-Chaume front.

The communique this afternoon reported: It is confirmed that our attack on the 21st, south of Juvincourt, cost the enemy very serious losses. We took 476 prisoners and the material captured includes thirteen machine-guns, three bomb-throwers, three trench-mortars and 400 rifles.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.

Iyo Maru .....Sept. 24

Shidzuoka Maru .....Oct. 20

For Liverpool

Benrinnes .....Oct. 21

Hirano Maru .....Nov. 8

Kitano Maru .....Oct. 14

For New York

Suruga .....Aug. 2

Toyoka Maru .....Aug. 10

For San Francisco

China .....Nov. 19

Shinyo Maru .....Nov. 26

Venezuela .....Nov. 11

For Tacoma

Hawaii Maru .....Oct. 1

Manila Maru .....Nov. 12

For Seattle

Inaba Maru .....Oct. 13

For Vancouver

Bessie Dollar .....Sept. 17

Business and Official Notices

THE CHINA LAND & FINANCE CO., LTD.

10 Canton Road

TO LET

NEW houses in Studley Avenue, Baikal Road, hot and cold water, kitchen range, enamelled baths.

Telephone to us—Central 2601, or write to 10 Canton Road.

15722

Central Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank

Notice is hereby given that under instructions from the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of China, the business in China of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank has been placed in liquidation.

And all parties of Chinese, Allied and Neutral nationalities having claims against the said Bank are hereby required to notify the Local Bureau of Liquidation of their claims, within one month from this date.

And notice is hereby further given, that all parties indebted to the said Bank must discharge their liabilities within one month from this date, after which period the Central Bureau of Liquidation will take such action as may be necessary.

Shanghai, 13th November, 1917.

Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, Shanghai.

14 The Bund.

15831

The Eden Dispensary

(Next to Horse Bazaar)

FOR VENEREAL DISEASES ONLY

Hours 10-12; 2-4 Daily.

Consultation free and Confidential.

DR. JAMES YUKING, Supt.

New French Government 4% Perpetual Loan.

The BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE will receive subscriptions at best rate of exchange and granting all facilities, for the above loan, particulars of which are as follows:

Price of issue: Frs. 68.60 for 100 francs nominal.

Date of issue: 26th November, 1917.

Cash subscriptions will be allotted in full.

Allotments in full are equally granted in exchange for the following previous French War Securities:

Bons de la Defense Nationale.

Obligations de la Defense Nationale.

Rente 3½% Amortissable.

The New Loan is unconvertible for 25 years and free of all taxes.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

15763

"V" MODES

NO. 20 NANKING ROAD

3rd Floor

Trouseaux designed and carried out to suit individual requirements. Blouses, Lingerie, Gowns. Children's Coats and Frocks.

15520

Prof. I. K. Seto

EXPERT MASSEUR

15 Years' Experience in U.S.A.

Electric and Steam Vapor and TURKISH BATHS, speciality for Rheumatism and Nervousness. 25 North Szechuen Road (opposite Quinsan Road).

15838

Do you want to

MAKE A PRESENT ?

During this week we offer special reductions on

Filet Laces

The Cathay Lace Co.

19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Phone 2064

Provision Prices in Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkew Market as compiled on November 27, 1917.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	,,	14-16
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	25-30
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	16-18
Samli	,,	none
Soles	,,	14-16
Whitebait	,,	none
Game, Poultry and Eggs		
Deer	each	1.50-2.00
Duck	,,	40-70
Eggs	per doz.	16-20
Fowl	per lb.	16-20
Geese	each	70-1.00
Hare	,,	30-35
Partridge	,,	50-60
Pheasant	,,	45-55
Pigeons	,,	15-18
Plover	,,	none
Quail	,,	14-16
Snipe	,,	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	35-40
Teal	each	13-14
Wild Duck	,,	30-35
Wild Geese	,,	30-40
Woodcock	,,	50-60
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apples	per lb.	14-18
Appricots	,,	none
Bananas	,,	5-6
Cherries	,,	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-16
Chestnuts	per lb.	8-10
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	12-15
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	6-8
Peaches	,,	none
Persimmons	,,	6-8
Peeboes	per lb.	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	12-16
Pineapples	,,	8-10
Pears	per lb.	8-14
Strawberries	,,	none
Walnuts	,,	10-12
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Broad Beans	,,	5-6
Beetroot	per bunch	1-2
Cabbage	each	3-5
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Carrots	,,	2-3
Cauliflower	each	30-40
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	,,	14-16
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	per lb.	6-8
Peas	,,	10-12
Potatoes	per pic.	$2.70-3.00
Parnips	per bunch	3-4
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	,,	6-8
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain and Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lb.	$5.50
Flour Australian	per 50 lb.	$4.40
Flour Shanghai	per 50 lb.	$2.40
Rice	per 200 lb.	$7.00

E. KILNER.
Chief Inspector.

Passengers Arrived

Per I.-C. s.s. Loongwo from Hankow:—Mr. J. K. Jally, Miss Jenkins. and Mrs. R. Parbury. From Wuhu:—Mr. J. P. Sartz. From Klukiang:—Mrs. J. McGuffog and child.

Passengers Departed

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru for Japan:—Mr. and Mrs. E. Takano and 2 children, Misses Marie H. Orr, and M. W. Sproull, Messrs. Ishikawa, M. Wataha, N. Maruya N. Miyazaki, T. Kimura, I. Nakayama, Row, S. Saiki, S. Ishii, and J. Tsujihiko.

Vessels To Arrive

From London	
Kashima Maru	Nov. 28
From San Francisco	
Colombia	Dec. 15
From Tacoma	
Canada Maru	Dec. 20
From Seattle	
Tokiwa Maru	Dec. 1

IT STANDS TO REASON

that the best proof of the excellence of any medical preparation is its continued popularity. Beecham's Pills have been before the public for upwards of half a century, and it is acknowledged that they are, now, in greater demand than ever. Their enormous sales are still on the increase. No medicine could achieve such a remarkable success unless it had proved itself to be of very real worth and practical value.

Beecham's Pills

have justified public confidence. In thousands of homes, to-day, experience has proved the beneficent results obtained from the use of these pills in cases of biliousness, sluggish liver, impaired digestion and a disordered condition of the bowels. It is a safe and prudent thing should you feel "out-of-sorts" to rely upon the curative properties of this excellent preparation. You will speedily find that Beecham's Pills

WILL DO YOU GOOD.

Sold everywhere in boxes, price 9½d (36 pills) 1/1½d (56 pills) & 2/9 (168 pills).

BELTING

DICK'S ORIGINAL BALATA

The Superior Belting

Stocks—from 1¼" 3-ply to 18" 6-ply

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

4-5 Yuen Ming Yuen Road Telephone 778

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE, IN FORCE FROM SEPTEMBER 1st, 1917

Up—Shanghai North To Nanking (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.	STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH....dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	15.25	17.15	23.05	PEKING.....dep.	..	..	..	..	..	8.35	P.M.R.	..
SOOCHOW ....dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	18.15	19.20	1.08	TIENTSIN.....arr.	..	..	..	..	..	11.10		..
WUSIH .....dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.20	2.10	CENTRAL.....dep	..	..	..	..	..	$.12.00	T.P.R.	..
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.03	16.48	..	21.25	5.10	TSINANFU....dep.	..	..	..	..	..	20.31	Second	..
TANYANG ...dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.41	..	..	..	PUKOW.....arr.	..	..	..	..	..	13.00	Day	..
CHINKIANG..dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.22	..	..	5.06	NANKING....dep.	..	..	7.20	8.05	11.45	*14.20	15.35	23.00
NANKING.....arr.	11.19	*14.15	16.30	19.13	19.50	..	..	6.50	CHINKIANG..dep.	..	..	9.00	10.11	13.30	16.06	18.16	1.05
PUKOW .....dep.	..	$.15.30	T.P.R	..	..	..	..	..	TANYANG....dep.	..	..	9.36	10.59	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
TSINANFU ...dep.	..	8.06	Second	..	..	..	..	..	CHANGCHOW dep.	7.00	..	10.24	12.19	15.08	17.39	20.20	1.22
TIENTSIN .....arr.	..	16.31	Day	..	..	..	..	..	WUSIH .....dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	12.54	16.00	18.29	..	4.15
CENTRAL.....dep.	..	17.00	P.M.R.	..	..	..	..	..	SOOCHOW ....dep.	9.35	8.09	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.35
PEKING .....arr.	..	19.50		..	..	..	..	..	SHANGHAI NORTH....arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.50	19.00	21.00	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars.
S. Sleeping Cars.

*Connects Pukow with through Siberian Service.

To Shanghai North. (BRANCH LINE) To Woosung Forts.

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.50	8.10	11.10	13.15	16.00	18.10	19.50	21.20	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.10	7.30	10.30	12.35	14.50	17.20	19.10	20.40
KIANGWAN dep.	7.17	8.37	11.37	13.42	16.27	18.37	20.17	21.47	KIANGWAN dep	6.21	7.41	10.41	12.36	15.01	17.41	19.21	20.51
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.25	8.45	11.45	13.50	16.35	18.45	20.25	21.55	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.45	8.05	11.05	13.00	15.35	18.05	19.45	21.15

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local	Local	STATIONS	Local	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Shanghai North.....dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	....	....	....	Zahkou .....dep.	....	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Jessfeld .....dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.20	....	15.06	....	....	....	Hangchow.....dep.	....	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Siccawei .....dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.29	....	15.13	....	....	....	Changan .....dep.	....	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.30
Lunghwa Junction.....dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.47	....	15.30	....	....	....	Yehzah .....dep.	....	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
										Kashing .....dep.	....	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Shanghai South.....dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.15*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*16.50*	*17.55*	Kashai .....dep.	....	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Lunghwa Junction.....dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.47*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.22*	*17.07*	*18.12*	Sunghiang .....dep.	....	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Sunghiang .....dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....	....										
Kashai .....dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....	....	*Lunghwa Junction.....dep.*	*8.18*	*9.43*	*10.23*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Kashing .....dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....	....	*Shanghai South.....arr.*	*8.35*	*10.00*	*10.45*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Yehzah .....dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....	....										
Changan.....dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....	....	Lunghwa Junction.....dep.	....	....	....	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Hangchow .....dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....	....	Siccawei .....dep.	....	....	....	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Zahkou.....arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....	....	Jessfeld .....dep.	....	....	....	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
										Shanghai North .....arr.	....	....	....	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZEN CHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZEN CHIAO

Konzen Chiao...	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	....	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....		
Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15		
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27		
Zahkou.....	arr.	....	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzen Chiao...	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40		

R. Restaurant Car.

Business and Official Notices

Wanted Immediately

EXPERIENCED foreign certificated underground foremen for the Jameisen Collieries in Honan. Apply, giving full particulars of experience, references, and salary required to the Agent-General, Pekin Syndicate, Ltd., Jameisen Works, Chiaotso, Honan.

16011

Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway

ALTERATION IN TRAIN SERVICE

On and from the 1st December, 1917, Kashing Local trains Nos. 101 and 112 will be run to and from Shanghai North, connections being made at Lunghwa Junction with Shanghai South.

No. 101 up will arrive at Shanghai North at 11.00 and Shanghai South at 10.50.

No. 112 down will start from Shanghai North at 15.50 and from Shanghai South at 16.00.

Coolie goods train No. 108 will leave Shanghai South at 10.20 instead of 10.15.

The train which leaves Lunghwa Junction at 9.43 for Shanghai South and the train from Shanghai South at 16.50 to Lunghwa Junction will be cancelled.

By Order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

16006

French Municipal Council

NOTICE

The French Municipal Council are prepared to receive tenders for the supply of coal-tar, coal and other articles of fuel, for 1918.

The approximative quantities are as follows:—

Anthracite	150 Tons
Karatz No. 1.	250 ,,
Karatz No. 2.	700 ,,
Smithshop's coal	50 ,,
Coke	250 ,,
Fire-wood & Fire-wood (short bundles)	4.150 Piculs
Coal-tar	55,000 Gallons

to be delivered at the various Municipal Buildings.

All particulars and necessary information can be obtained upon application at the Secretary's Office.

Tenders to be sealed and bear on the cover the mention of their object, they must be addressed to the undersigned's office where they will be received up to Monday, 10th December, at noon.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any of the tenders.

By order,
G. LAFERRIERE,
Secretary.

16007

WHICH LANGUAGE DO YOU WISH TO LEARN? French, Spanish, Italian or German taught you by the modern method of language teaching. For free particulars apply to the American School of Correspondence, 34 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2435.

7% (SHORT TERM) LOAN, 1917.

UNDER the authority of Resolutions V and VI passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on March 21, 1917, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1917.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year. They will be issued at par and will be redeemed on June 30, 1922.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, March 23, 1917.

15531

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2479.

ELECTRICITY

Notice is hereby given that owing to a further breakdown in the machinery at the Riverside Power Station and to the delay, due to the war, in the arrival of additional generating plant, the full demands of consumers cannot, it is regretted, be met. Consumers are therefore earnestly requested generally to economise as far as possible in the consumption of electricity and in particular to switch off until further notice all lamps, heaters, motors, &c., where possible, between the hours of 4 and 10 o'clock each evening when the demand on the supply stations is at its greatest.

Consumers are warned that unless they voluntarily comply with the above request it may become necessary compulsorily to disconnect certain sections of the supply.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, Nov. 26th, 1917

15983

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT FOR CHINA

In re Last Will and Testament of Mark Brown Grier. Deceased.	*Cause No. 616 Special Proceeding No. 231 (Testamentary)* NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Pursuant to an Order of said Court, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of MARK BROWN GRIER, deceased, to present to HENRIETTA DONALDSON GRIER, Administratrix cum testamento annexo of his estate, on or before May 16th, 1917; and all persons owing debts to said deceased are hereby notified to make payment of the same in due course to said Administratrix cum testamento annexo.

HENRIETTA DONALDSON GRIER,
Administratrix cum testamento annexo.
c/o Clerk, U. S. Court for China,
Shanghai, China.

Dated November 16, 1917.

15849

CARPETS OF QUALITY

HWA YENG'S Factory—large, airy, modernised—invites your inspection of their Prime Quality Tientsin Carpets. Made from the finest, fadeless, camel wool, procurable only in the carpet district of Tientsin, these carpets are beautifully designed, either in foreign or Chinese patterns, and the finish is perfect.

You Will Need Carpets In Your Home This Winter

Try HWA YENG'S—They beautify your home, bring out expressions of admiration from your guests, and the cost is exceedingly cheap.

Prices according to quality from $7.50 upward.

HWA YENG CARPET FACTORY,
127 Peking Road.

You can't miss our factory: it's right on the road.

"Sailing Vessel For Sale"

Apply to
C. A. Martinho Marques & Co.
Ship Brokers,
1a Jinkee Road

RING UP 3809

for a comfortable 5-passenger car

PER HOUR $4.00 PER HOUR

CENTRAL GARAGE CO.,
2a Jinkee Road.

Have you tried our

"UPPER CRUST" Rye Whiskey?

=THE WHISKEY=
=OF QUALITY=

Phone 2021
GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
WINE MERCHANTS
73 Szechuen Road

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

1st December, 1917

1st Saddling Bell at 1.15 p.m.

Entrance Tickets $1.00 each, obtainable at the Gate.

Special Trains: 12.50 p.m., 1.20 p.m. and 2.00 p.m.

By order,
Y. J. CHANG,
Secretary.

16005

Cargo for Port Said

will be accepted per s/s
"TOBA MARU"
sailing from Shanghai on or about the middle of December.

For particulars, please apply to the
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Tel. 167 Freight Dept.

15995

The Banque Industrielle de Chine

invites subscriptions to the
RENTE PERPETUELLE
FRENCH 4% GOVERNMENT LOAN

Free of all taxes
Unconvertible before 25 years

RATE OF ISSUE

Frs. 68.60 for Nominal Frs. 100.00

Subscriptions will close here on 15th December, 1917.

No charges whatever for wiring the subscriptions.

Facilities granted and best exchange.

G. LION,
Manager.

15799

Schaefer Beer

DARK

The choicest product of the oldest lager beer brewery in the United States.

Try it once and you will buy it always!

HIGH-CLASS PROVISIONS
Constant arrivals of the best American and English Provisions, Wines and Spirits.

Motor delivery service
C. EDDIE & CO.
1132-33 Broadway, Tel. N. 639.

ZUNG LEE & SONS, (W. Z. Zee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

ARE
NEVER SATISFIED
THEY ALWAYS RETURN TO
GRIFFITHS' STORES
FOR MORE OF CLUFF'S
DELICIOUS
"BLUE RIBBON"
TINNED FRUITS
TELEPHONE WEST 641 FOR A TRIAL ORDER

• TYPEWRITERS •

(Fully Guaranteed)

Underwoods
Remingtons
Royals
Olivers
L. C. Smiths

$90 to $150

Selected Machines for Schools $70 to $90

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Tel. 4778 — 4 Canton Rd., Shanghai. — Tel. 4778

WEST 1211

"THE MOTOR HOUSE"
FOR
MOTOR TROUBLES

H. S. HONIGSBERG & CO., INC.

HILL'S LIQUIDATION SALE!!!

Owing to the dearth of goods and constant rise of Home Prices, we are unable to continue our business on the principle of "Small Profits—Quick Turnover," and have therefore decided to

GIVE UP BUSINESS.

In order to do so as soon as possible

WE COMMENCE FROM 1ST DECEMBER, 1917

A GREAT LIQUIDATION SALE

Of Our ENTIRE STOCK worth about $100,000.00,
AND AT
PRICES MUCH BELOW TODAY'S COST!

Among the 20,000 ARTICLES marked for SLAUGHTER will be found,
Bed & Table Linen; Down Quilts; Curtains;
Towels for Bath, Face, Pantry, & Kitchen;
Dress Goods; Flannels; White Goods;
Ladies' Underwear & Lingerie;
W. B. Corsets; Raincoats;
Harris Tweeds, Scotch & Irish Homespuns;
Blue Serges, Overcoat Lengths;
Stockings & Socks in Wool, Silk, Lisle & Cotton;
Coat Sweaters, Pyjamas, Shirts, Collars, Neckties;
Footwear and $18,000.00 worth of Goods for Children's wear.

We assure the public that this is not the usual advertising catch, but that we really are giving up business from 1st December. Every article is reduced in price so as to clear. Our store will be open till 6 p.m. even Saturdays.

H. G. Hill & Co., Drapers & Outfitters
119 SZECHUEN ROAD

When you think of Szechuen Province Think of

WIDLER & CO.,

Chungking, W. China.

Born 1915 — Still Existing

Anna de Revers Michiara

Renowned Italian opera singer, who has appeared at all the principal theatres in Europe and America, and now returned from a successful tour through Australia, is prepared to give singing lessons to ladies and gentlemen by the real Italian method.

Also undertakes voice training and teaching full opera parts for the stage.

Apply to 45 Boone Road, between 10 and 12 o'clock.

15724

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms Front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Nice flat to let, suitable for family or two bachelors. Good table.
Telephoe North 482

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens
'Phone 1946

In No. 8 a large front bedroom and sitting-room combined, with closed verandah and bathroom attached, facing South. Suitable for couple or small family.

Oriental House
31 Boone Road

Large room with bath attached, also a large attic, hot water, facing garden, moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress.
'Phone North 1102 15268

FOR RENT, $8 per month, a furnished, small room with electric light. Apply to Box 454, THE CHINA PRESS.

15999 N 30

TO LET, 78 Bubbling Well Road, large front room with verandah and bathroom; also one attic room. Terms moderate. Telephone West 891.

15967

A flat of comfortable rooms and bathroom, facing south, to be let immediately to married couple or single ladies. Including board. Moderate charge. Apply to 139, Bubbling Well Road.

15987 N.30.

LOST

ONE intricate design old Spanish Locket and flat chain, either at Union Church, or between there and Yuen Ming Yuen Road, via Soochow Road, Bund and Peking Road. Suitable reward if returned to L. W. Strawn, 6 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

EDUCATIONAL

YOUNG RUSSIAN LADY desires to give lessons in Russian. Apply to Box 456, THE CHINA PRESS.

16012 D.4

MISCELLANEOUS

XMAS MENUS will not be complete without selected Chusan Turkeys and Capons. Stock limited. Order Early. Write for prices. Hilly Nook Farm (Tinghai, Chusan), c/o Kin Chong & Co., 34 Avenue Edward VII, Shanghai.

15996 D 2

SITUATIONS WANTED

ADVERTISER (BRITISH), hard-working, well conversant in shipping, Customs and bookkeeping, is open for engagement. A1 references. Apply to Box 455, THE CHINA PRESS.

16010 D.1

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST: Young lady desires situation. Fair speed. Fluent French and Italian. Excellent references. Apply to Box 437, THE CHINA PRESS.

16008

WANTED: Experienced lady steno-typist and office asssistant desires half-day engagement only. Allied nationality. Speaks five languages. Apply to Box 449, THE CHINA PRESS.

15987.

LADY (Ally), experienced in bookkeeping, stenograph, and general office work, correspondence and salesmanship, desires position. Apply to Box 448. THE CHINA PRESS.

15984 D. 1.

POSITION WANTED by a young lady in a sales or millinery store. Has previous experience. Apply to Box 438, THE CHINA PRESS.

15971 D.2

SITUATION WANTED by young energetic Britisher as junior clerk. Is industrious. Desires change from present position. Apply to Box 447, THE CHINA PRESS.

15981 D.2

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED AT ONCE, house or flat, unfurnished. Apply to Box 453, THE CHINA PRESS.

15998 N 30

DANCING

DANCING: Class and private lessons, very moderate rate. Apply to Box 440, THE CHINA PRESS.

15973 D.2

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1 Museum Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE: Three sporting guns: one Browning automatic (magazine 5 rounds), 12-calibre; one Winchester automatic, with 500 rounds ammunition; one Stevens, 12-calibre. No reasonable offer refused. Apply to Box 435, THE CHINA PRESS.

15968 D.2

FOR SALE, at less than cost, for cash, one Chandler, sedan, seven-passenger car, just arrived. Price Tls. 2,600. Apply to Box 452, THE CHINA PRESS.

15997 D 2

FOR SALE: Desirable property on Avenue Joffre, consisting of Mow 2.115. of land and 2 semi-detached residences thereon. In good repair and recently renovated. Annual return Tls. 1,680. Price Tls. 19,000. British Title Deed. Splendid opportunity for realty investment. Apply to Box 280, THE CHINA PRESS.

15694

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11